THE Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,414—NEW SERIES, BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 16, 1911. PRICE: ONE ANNA

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SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons
12th Aug	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	10100
26th "	CALEDONIA	8693	.....	...
2nd Sept	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
9th "	OCEANA	7003	.....	...
14th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
23rd "	EGYPT	8001	.....	...
30th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	10050
7th Octr	ARABIA	8000	.....	...
14th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
21st "	PERSIA	8000	.....	...
28th "	MANTUA	11000	CHINA	8000

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

The "MANTUA" proceeds direct to LONDON via MALTA and passengers for MARSEILLES tranship at PORTSAID to the "CHINA."

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 1 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1912.

6th Jan.	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
13th "	PERSIA	8000	.....	...
20th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	10000
27th "	OCEANA	7003	.....	...
3rd Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
10th "	CHINA	8000	.....	...
17th "	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	11000
24th "	ARABIA	8000	.....	...
2nd Mar.	MACEDONIA	10050	.....	...
9th "	EGYPT	8000	.....	...
16th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
20th "	ARCADIA	7000	.....	...
23rd "	PERSIA	8000	.....	...
30th "	MARMORA	10500	.....	...
6th April.	MOOLTAN	10000	.....	...
13th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	11000
19th "	MANTUA	11000	.....	...
27th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALOJA	12500
4th May.	ARABIA	8000	.....	...
11th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
18th "	EGYPT	8000	.....	...

All the above Mail Steamers are fitted with *WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY*.

* INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER.

The S.S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY, at 2 p.m., on WEDNESDAY, 20th MARCH, 1912, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	Single.	Return.
To Marseilles	Rs. 495 or Rs. 594	Rs. 743 or Rs. 891
To London by Sea	Rs. 528 or Rs. 627	Rs. 792 or Rs. 940

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent.
Bombay.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO ENGLAND (Weymouth) VIA SUEZ CANAL.

THESE STEAMERS afford comfortable accommodation in two, three, and four Berth Cabins amid-ships, for first First Class Passengers only.

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess.

NEW STEAMER UMONA, 5,500 tons BOMBAY to WEYMOUTH, sailing about 2nd September, 1911. This steamer performs the journey in about 21 day and is fitted with Electric Fans. Fares Rs. 350 to Rs. 400.

For further particulars, apply to—

W. and A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay.

SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE Transhipping at PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
D. Balduino	4,530	D. Maganzini	15th Sept. 1911
R. Rubattino	3,580	L. Mancini	15th Oct. 1911

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

* Inside Cabins, Rs. 400 Single and Rs. 600 Return

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa. 1st Class, Rs. 740; Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY to COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Capri	6,000	P. Figari	16th Aug. 1911
Iachia	6,000	G. Belsito	16th Sept. 1911
Capri	6,000	P. Figari	16th Oct. 1911

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140, to SINGAPORE Rs. 155 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean Black Sea, and American Ports issued, Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. DEGROSSI,
Agent.
Circle.

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via.
Dumra	1695	Thurs.	17th Aug.	9 a.m.	direct.
Lhasa	2184	Fri.	18th Aug.	6 a.m.†	direct.

†Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSHEH (Weekly).

S. S. "Dumra," 1,695 tons, on Thursday, 17th Aug, calling at Muscat, Linga, Bushire, and Mahomera.

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S. "Pandua," 3,305 tons, sailing on Wednesday, 23rd August, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Charbar, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Kowcit, Bushire, Mahomerah and Bosreh.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Monthly.)

S. S. "Purnea," 3206 tons, sailing on or about 7th September, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "Virawa," 3360 tons, to sail on or about 26th August.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, with onward connections to ports in Arabean, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.

16th August, 1911.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
Ville de la Ciotat	6,378	Eschenauer	31st Aug. 1911.
Australien	6,365	Aumeran	28th Sept. 1911.
Nera	5,539	Casanova	26th Oct. 1911.
Oceanien	4,143	Sellier	23rd Nov. 1911.
Yarra	4,142	Ristorcelli	21st Dec. 1911.
Polynesien	6,363	Bruno	18th Jan. 1912.
Ville de la Ciotat	6,378	Eschenauer	15th Feb. 1912.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiane's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
Oceanien	4,143	Sellier	8th Sept. 1911.
Yarra	4112	Ristorcelli	6th Oct. 1911.

For further particulars apply to—

J. de COURTOIS,
Albert Building Horaby Road. Agent

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL

The following SAILINGS have been arranged:—

ANCHOR LINE SAILINGS.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay.
Elysia	6368	W. Robertson	21st Aug. 1911.
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	8th Sept. "
Olympia	5124	G. Mitchell	23rd " "
Circassia	6716	C F Osborne R N R	9th Oct. "
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	21st " "
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	4th Nov. "
Elysia	6368	A. Haig	18th " "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	4th Dec. "
Olympia	5124	G. Mitchell	20th " "
Circassia	6716	C. F. Osborne R.N.R.	3rd Jan. 1912
Scindia	5106	W. Kelso	23rd " "
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	7th Feb. "

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1912.

		Leave Bombay about.
Elysia	6368 A. Haig	28th Feb. 1912
Massilia	5091 J. Thomson	9th Mar. "
Olympia	5124 G. Mitchell	24th " "
Circassia	6716 C.F. Osborne R.N.R.	8th Apr. "
Scindia	5106 Wm. Kelso	23rd " "
Castalia	6388 J. Hamilton	4th May "
Elysia	6368 A. Haig	17th " "
Massilia	5091 J. Thomson	3rd June "

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers:—

	Single.	Return
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
Bombay to Portsaid	" 446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool,	" 653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	" 590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	" 605	957
Bombay to New York	" 808	1,340
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez	" 446	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay

For any further information regarding passage apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
AGENTS, Bombay

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works 2 Green Street, Fort.

SHIPPING.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge.
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.

CALCUTTA: GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON: GRINDLAY & Co.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL..... £ 2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... £ 1,000,000
RESERVE FUND..... £ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.
BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Cochin,	Zanzibar,
Bombay,	Chittagong,	Mombasa,
Madras,	Rangoon,	Nairobi,
Karachi,	Mandalay,	Nakuru,
Lahore	Colombo,	Kisumu,
Amritsar,	Kandy	Jinja,
Delhi,	Nuwara-Eliye,	Kampala,
Cawnpore	Aden (Camp.)	Entebbe.
Tuticorin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due,

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities,

Post Box No. 141. W. J. K. HEGARTY
BOMBAY, Acting Manager.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.
Capital paid up.....Gold $ 3,250,000,000
RESERVE FUND and undivided profits.....Gold $ 3,460,398,39
LONDON OFFICE: 36, Bishopsgate, E.C.—
BRANCHES:

Bombay.	Cebu.	San Francisco,
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	Washington.
Singapore.	Hankow,	Mexico,
Hongkong.	Peking.	Panama,
Canton.	Yokohama,	Colon.
Manila.	Kobe,	Empire.

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and cable transfers on the principal cities of Europe, American Australia, China and Japan, buys Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

H. A. W. BRENT,
Ag. Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42-43, Church Gate Street.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD

CAPITAL (Paidup).....Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper).....Rs. 28,50,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS:

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

E. E. SAVI,
Acting Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION

Paid up Capital.....$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors.....$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund.....$ 16,250,000
Gold Reserve Fund.....$ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY	IPOH	PENANG
BANGKOK	JOHORE,	RANGOON
BATAVIA	KOBE	SAIGON
BOMBAY	KUALA LUMPUR	SAN FRANCISCO
CALCUTTA	LONDON	SHANGHAI
CANTON	LYONS	Do HONGKEW
COLOMBO	MALACCA	SINGAPORE
FOOCHOW	MANILA	SOURABAYA
HAMBURG	NAGASAKI	TIENTSIN
HANKOW	NEW YORK	YOKOHAMA
HONGKONG	PEKING	YLOILO

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS

Interest allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months or term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

J. A. JEFFREY,
Agent.

Carlton House, Outram Road, Bombay.

CHRISTENING GIFTS.

STERLING SILVER.

PORRINGERS

MUGS

BOWLS

EGGCUPS

SPOONS

NURSERY RHYMES

Cased single or combination sets of cups, spoon ring, fork.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,

JEWELLERS, WATCHMAKERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

150° "SHELL" BRAND CASE OIL. 150°

"SHELL" "SHELL"

150°

It is no longer necessary to pay an extravagant price to obtain the best oil.

HAVE YOU TRIED

"SHELL"?

It is the finest American Case Oil.

OTHER 150° OIL COSTS Rs. 6 PER CASE

REFINED and PACKED in AMERICA.

150° TEST

NO SMOKE and NO SMELL.

"SHELL" COSTS Rs. 5-4 PER CASE

DON'T allow your Butler or Grocer to decide what Brand of oil you burn

SEE THAT YOU GET

"SHELL"

THE BEST OIL FOR THE BEST LAMPS.

"SHELL" "SHELL"

IMPORTED BY

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO., LD.,

150° GRAHAMS BUILDINGS, BOMBAY. 150°

GRIMAULT & Co.'s ENERGICAL SYRUP"

THE BEST NERVINE TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

IT is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anæmia, Chlorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood, etc.

SOLE AGENTS:

V. C. DASTUR & CO.,

PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY.

MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE.

Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS, Re.1.

BATLIWALLA'S CHOLERAL

Is the only remedy for CHOLERA, Re. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S HARETONE

Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour, Rs. 3.

BATLIWALLA'S TONIC PILLS

Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness, Rs. 1-8.

BATLIWALLA'S TOOTH POWDER

scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayaphal and Carbolic Acid B. P. As. 4.

BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT

Cures in a day, As. 4 per pot.

SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY

DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA.

WARLI LABORATORY DADAR, BOMBAY.

THE TREAD IS RE-INFORCED

by the introduction of a row of Rubber studs on either side. These help to protect and preserve the tread practically double the strength of the walls without affecting the resilience, and further prevent any tendency to skid.

The 1911

DUNLOP

CYCLE TYRE

is the limit in comfort, safety and economy.

MADRAS OFFICE: ... ... 188 c, Mount Road..
BOMBAY OFFICE: ... ... 3, Wallace Street.

B. O. C. KEROSINES { WATERLILY 150° F. CHUKKER 125° F. VICTORIA 125° F.

B. O. C. LUBRICATING OILS.

B. O. C. MOTOR OILS, A. & B.

MOTOR GREASES.

Specially Prepared for MOTOR-CARS, MOTOR CYCLES & BOATS.

BURMAH OIL COMPANY, LTD.

Agents:—SHAW, WALLACE, & CO., BOMBAY.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.

MERCHANTS AND CONTRACTORS,

105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

FRESH GRUYERE PARMESAN GORGONZOLA, DUTCH BALLS in tin foil CHEDDAR LOAFS, CAMEMBERT in tins, (cheeses).

MACCARONI VERMICELLI AND SOUP PASTES assortments Pure genuine OLIVE OIL of the Olives.

PURE ITALIAN WINE VINEGAR.

Just to hand real RUSSIAN HERRINGS in small Kegs, sold loose at 4 ans. each.

Our GRIGNOLINO (CLARET) WINE is genuine and unadulterated now in great demand. Rs. 12 per dozen bottles.

Various other Brands of High Class Wines.

Singapore Rattan CHAIRS, Settees, tables, and Easy Chairs always in stock.

HAM, BACON AND CHEESE.

PRIME'S CUMBERLAND HAM	in canvas	... Rs. 1-2	per lb.
" "	" cooked on cut	... " 2-8	"
BEST WILTSHIRE BACON	"	... Re. 1-0	"
FINEST GRUYERE CHEESE	"	... " 1-0	"
PRIME'S ENGLISH CHEDDAR	"	.. " 1-0	"
MIDGET GOUDAS, in tins	each	... " 1-0	
CREME DE LA CREME, in tins about 4lbs. each		... Rs. 3-0	

FRESH CONSIGNMENTS BY EVERY THROUGH MAIL

MONGINI BROTHERS,

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

Telephone No. 325. Telegrams:—"MONGIBROS,"—BOMBAY.

TO PARENTS.

COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attention. Best Schools near. Terms Moderate, References kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd, Bombay, and Mr. R. KENNEDY, 35, Marine Lines Bombay.

PRADER RIPU.

A Sure Remedy for Leucorrhœa (Whites). Cure is imminent. Strongly recommended to try it once. Price Rs. 3 a bottle. Apply to

SAPAT & CO.,
Chemists, Bombay, No. 2.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

THE BANK will be CLOSED on THURSDAY, the 17th instant, that day being a Public Holiday, under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Bombay, 10th August, 1911.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V., by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of MONGHIBAI, widow of THAKER MULJI PREM I, late of Bombay, Lohana Hindu inhabitant, deceased.

THAKAR UMARSI DAMJI and THAKAR KANJI KALLIANJI both of Bombay, Lohana Hindu Merchants, respectively, residing at Danabunder and Khadak Street without the Fort of Bombay, Executors and Trustees named in the will of the abovenamed deceased..... Petitioners.

ALL PERSONS, claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased, are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness, Sir BASIL SCOTT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this Eighth day of August in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Eleven and in the second year of our Reign.

A. M. KAJIJI,
Registrar.

The Seal of the High Court, at Bombay.

P. B. MALABARI,
The 8th day of August, 1911.

Messrs. DADACHANJI and POCHA, Petitioner's Attorneys.

FOR SALE.

THE FOLLOWING GIRDERS are available for sale on the R. M. Railway. They were designed for Metre Gauge loading and further particulars can be obtained on application. The price they are offered at is Rs. 45 per ton. F. O. R. at the nearest Station.

Size over all.	No. of spans.	Size over all.	No. of spans.
6'-6"	7	17'-6"	5
7'-3"	4	23'-0"	183
8'-6"	5	25'-6"	117
8'-9"	1	30'-3"	2
10'-0"	2	44'-0"	105
12'-6"	1	60'-0"	84
13'-6"	47	80'-0"	1
14'-6"	31	103'-6"	6
15'-7"	13	1.0'-0"	8

For further particulars apply to the

ENGINEER-IN-CHIEF,
R. M. Railway, Ajmer.

NOTICE.

IT is hereby notified for information that I, ADAMJI MULLA ABDULALLY, propose erecting a THEATRE at New Churney Road, on the vacant ground belonging to the Improvement Trust, and numbered 54, scheme III admeasuring about 1,300 sq. yds and situated in the Municipal D. Ward.

Notice is hereby given that any objections to the erection of the said THEATRE should be received by the COMMISSIONER OF POLICE, Bombay, not later than the 22nd day of August, 1911, that is within 14 days from the issue of this notice.

Bombay, 7th August, 1911.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

DELHI CORONATION DURBAR.

PASSENGER FARES AND RATES FOR HORSES, CARRIAGES AND MOTOR CARS.

BETWEEN

BOMBAY AND DELHI.

WITH effect from the 1st September, 1911, the following will be the Passenger Fares and Rates for Horses, Carriages and Motor Cars, between Bombay and Delhi, and via :—

PASSENGER FARES.

SINGLE JOURNEY.	Rs. a.	RETURN JOURNEY.	Rs. a.
First Class ...	66 3	First Class ...	125 12
Second Class ...	33 2	Second Class ...	62 14
Third Class ...	8 12		

RATES FOR HORSES, CARRIAGES AND MOTOR CARS.

SINGLE JOURNEY.	Rs. a	RETURN JOURNEY.	Rs. a.
First Horse ...	107 10		
Each additional horse	53 13	First Horse ...	161 7
One Carriage ...	161 7	Each additional horse	80 12
Two Carriages loaded on one truck same owner.	242 3	One Carriage ...	242 3
One Motor Car ...	242 3		
Two Motor Cars on on truck same owner ...	376 11	One Motor Car....	363 4

A. C. RUMBOLL,
General Traffic Manager.

Victoria Terminus,
Dated 24th June, 1911.

BOMBAY BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

DELHI CORONATION DURBAR.

NORTH-EAST ROUTE.

Corridor—Restaurant Car Express between Bombay and Delhi, from 1st November.

DOWN.

Bombay (Colaba) D. 22-0
Delhi ..... A. 6-45

UP.

Delhi ..... D. 22-45
Bombay (Colaba) A. 7-20

NORTH-WEST ROUTE

Mail Train between Bombay and Delhi from 1st November, via Ahmedabad, Abu and Jaipur.

Restaurant Car between Ahmedabad and Ajmer.

DOWN.

Bombay (Colaba) D. 21-30
Delhi ..... A. 8-45

UP.

Delhi ..... D. 21-0
Bombay (Colaba) A. 8-15

ADDITIONAL EXPRESS TRAINS will be run when necessary leaving Bombay in the evening and arriving at Delhi at a convenient hour in the morning.

Passengers holding RETURN TICKETS by the B. B. & C. I. railway broad-gauge route to Delhi have the option of using the Metre-gauge route via Ahmedabad on either the outward or return journey.

QUICK DESPATCH OF GOODS TO DELHI.

A Special Fast Express Goods Service will run daily by the road-gauge route for the conveyance of Motor Cars, Carriages, Horses, Furniture, etc.

FREDERICK W. HANSON,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 3rd August, 1911.

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COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes :—

3½ inch by 4½ inch ...Rupee 1 per hundred*
3½ inch by 4½ inch ...Annas 14 per do, *

* If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Re. 1 per 1,000.

5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Re. 2½ per thousand*
* If printed on flap Re. 4 per thousand.

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EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

TO-NIGHT.

OUR

POPULAR PROGRAMME.

THE

Birth, Life and Death of a

PLANT

The picture that created a sensation on Saturday night

THE GENERAL'S FATE.

A stirring Napoleonic Episode

FOOLSHEAD

Walks in his sleep, Fungalore

AND

MANY OTHER PICTURES.

TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL.

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PRACTICE SESSIONS:—Daily 8 to 9 A.M.
EVENING SESSIONS:—TUESDAYS and THURSDAYS only, 6 to 8 with Band.
NIGHT SESSIONS:—MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, 9-30 to 11-30.
BAND IN ATTENDANCE.

THURSDAY, 17TH AUGUST.
MORNING SESSION, FROM 9 TO 11.
with the Band, being Bank Holiday.
MONDAY, 21st AUG.—SPORTS ON SKATES.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL.

FACING THE SEA

FORT BOMBAY.

THE NEW "REVLUO" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUO" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—

Nickel, Rs. 3-8, Gold, Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

IMPORTANT TO PRINTERS & PROPRIETORS OF PRINTING PRESSES.

THE following PRINTING PRESSES, MACHINERY and PLANT are to be SOLD immediately at a very LOW PRICE to make room for new Machinery in the "Bombay Gazette" Press :—

2 Type casting Machines.
1 Ruling Machine.
2 Treadle Machines.
2 Cutting Machines.
2 Very large Printing Machines.
2 Small Printing Machines.
1 Backing Machine (for Bookbinding).
1 Large Press for Printing Copper Plates.
1 Lithograph Press.

The above can be seen in working order at the "Bombay Gazette" Press.

For Particulars and price, see the GENERAL MANAGER.

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No appetite ?
Bad taste in the mouth ?
Tongue coated ?
Pain in the Stomach and Bowels ?
Head ache ?
Pimples ?
Sallow Complexion ?

LOOK OUT!

THAT'S NATURE'S DANGER SIGNAL!

If you don't take yourself in hand right away there's

Trouble ahead for you—a big Doctor's bill, at least.

"LAXATETTES" WILL LIVEN YOUR LIVER,

STIMULATE—STOMACH SCRETIONS,

FORCE THE BOWELS TO DO THEIR WORK,

Quietly, Naturally, Gently, Without Shocking the System.

Twenty-Five of Them Cost but One Rupee. For Mofusil One Rupee Four Annas, Postage Paid. Value-payable.

To be had from the Proprietors PERIN and Co., from KEMP and Co., and S. BROTHERS, and Co., etc.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld."

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

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FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81 Queen's Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whisky may be had from Messrs. JAMES FINLAY and Co., Limited, Bombay.

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ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

"THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.

SPECIAL OFFER.—Commercial Envelopes "Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes :—
3½ inch by 4½ inch Rupee 1 per hundred 2½ inch by 4½ inch, Annas 14 per hundred, (if printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Re. 1 per 1,000.
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OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices :—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, and additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Re. 2 must be paid in advance.

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RESERVE FUND £1,625,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £1,200,000

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PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... £ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS ..... £ 562,500
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The Bank of England,
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JAMES MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

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A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

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THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
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SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL
Rs. 50,00,000.

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CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest where does not amount to Rs. 2 per half year will be showed.

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The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

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JAFFER JOOSAB,
Manager.

SELF CURE NO FICTION! NO DIFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR. THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY

THERAPION No. 1 in a remarkably short time, often a few days only, Cures discharges (either sex) superseding injections

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Either Number Therapion & all Self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 3/- from The Le Clerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Mark word "THERAPION" in on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.

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SALES BY AUCTION.

J. S. MODY AND COMPANY,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
24-26 Bank Street, Fort.

SALE THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, 16th inst, at 11 a.m.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 16th inst, at 11 a.m. Messrs. J.S. MODY & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction opposite Treacher & Co., and next to King & Co., in Meadow Street, Fort, by order of the concerned valuable mahogany and French polished furniture, such as single and double mirror and panel door almyrahs, cabinets, side-boards, tapestry, lined drawing room suites of sofas and chairs, writing tables, book cases, dressing tables, hat-stands, tiletopped tespoys, easy chairs, phonograph, etc.

The above is on view.

AUCTION SALE of 9 cases of Swiss Allover, flouncing and Edgings Embroideries.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY the 16th August, at 2-30 p.m., Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their Rooms in Bank Street, Fort, by order of the makers and on account and at the risk of the concerned.

9 cases of Swiss Allover, flouncing and Edgings Embroideries.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY ON RIPON ROAD.

Under instructions from Surajmul B Mehta, Esqr., Attorney for the second mortgagees Hajee Ahmed, Hajee Hassum Dada and Hajiani Asidnai, widow of Hajee Hassum Ahmed alias Dada, and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Abdul Latiff Hassan Miya, and in pursuance of the power of sale contained in the indenture of second mortgage, dated the 12th day of January, 1910, and subject to the right of the first mortgagees the Honourable Mr. Ebrahim Rahimtulla and Jaffebhai Rahimtulla, Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co., Auctioneers will, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 16th day of August, 1911, at 4-30 p. m. (S. T.) sell by Public Auction, on the premises, the following valuable landed property, viz :—

All that piece or parcel of freehold land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate at Ripon Road without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay admeasuring 548 and two ninths square yards or thereabouts, and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 3531, and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward E. No. 4071 (9) Street No. 258 H., and bounded as follows :—That is to say on or towards the north by the property of Ahmed Hassum Dadamiya, on or towards the west and south by ground reserved for Road, leading to and from the said Ripon Road, and on or towards the east by the property of Sheriff Thaver.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Surajmul B. Mehta, Esqr., Attorney for the second mortgagees, at his office, at No. 25, Medows Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

J. S. MODY & CO.

Bombay, 16th August, 1911.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE of Cotton slightly Damaged by Sea Water.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 16th instant at 3-30 p. m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at Bombay Steam Navigation Co's "M" Shed, Prince's Dock, on account of the concerned.

Ex. s. s. Netravati from Tuna.

S. D. 8 bales of F. P. Cotton slightly damaged by sea water.
L. T. 17 bales of F. P. Cotton slightly damaged by sea water.
A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

On FRIDAY the 18th instant, at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.) Messrs BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at "Reay House", Apollo Bunder near the Taj Mahal Hotel, the valuable and neatly made, dining, drawing and bed-room furniture, drawing-room suite in 10 pieces one very elegant nearly new mahogany piano with Corinthian brass knobs and brass candle holder by "Schreiber," with patent duplex resonator, one large Australian safe on stand, almyrah, cloth press, dressing and wash-hand tables, book cases, a large collection of books, rich plateware, glass and crockeryware, side-board and dumbwaiters, rich ornaments, tespoys and tables, writing tables, fancy clock, screen, large carpet, headed chucks, microscope, carved tespoy, cane chairs, half plate camera with lence, real oil paintings by a lady artist, medicine chest, fancy cups and saucers and vases with coat of arms of all nations, flower pots, flower vases, corner stands, meat safe, hall lamp, ice box, copper utensils, brass cage, nearly new gent's and lady's bicycles, sundries, etc., etc., the property of a gentleman, proceeding to America.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

On SATURDAY, the 19th instant, at 3-30 p. m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

AT 2 P. M. (S. T.)

1 second-hand rubber tyred brougham, by Press, suitable for single or pair, in good order.
1 second-hand rubber tyred victoria, in good order.
1 handsome strong rubber tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.
1 bay Arab, quiet in harness and saddle.
1 grey pony, quiet in harness.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 16th August, 1911.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.

BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, offer their services to Firms abroad.

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WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
65 FENCHURCH STREET LONDON, E.C.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 16, APOLLO STREET.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On TUESDAY, the 22nd instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at No. 8, Grant's Building, Lower Colaba, the valuable teak and blackwood household furniture, such as set of large dining table in 4 pieces, chairs, mirrored large sideboard, cupboards, marble top tables, corner cabinets, Singapore cane chairs, easy chairs, carpets, woollen rugs, iron and teak bedsteads, almyrahs, clothes, and hanging presses, washhand and dressing tables, books, table ornaments, iron hot case, copper pots, etc., the property of the late Mrs. Briggs.

The property will be on view 3 days before the sale.

SALE ON FRIDAY, THE 25TH AUGUST.

On FRIDAY, the 25th instant, at 2-30 p. m. (S. T), Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the Esplanade Road, Fort, next to Paper Currency Office and opposite the National Bank (where the whole kit has been removed for sale) the valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood furniture rich glassware, dinner and desert sets, best plateware, mahogany screw dining table for 24 persons chairs, mirror back sideboard and dinner waggon, English Maple sofa and chairs, English cushioned cane chairs, embossed plush and tapestry lined suites of sofas and chairs in 10 pieces, single and double almyrahs, cupboards, blackwood wardrobe bedsteads, marble topped dressing and washhand tables, ice box, carpets, marble and tiled topped tables and teapoys, show case, book case, clocks, Ditmar's majolica pillars, pianoforte, windproof lamps, very old fancy marble topped table resting on eagle bird stand, carved chiffoniers pictures, old china jars, Sheffield plateware, Parian figured clock, large bronze figures, marble clock, phonograph, bronze figured clock, camera, microscope, etc., the property of Captain F. S. Piper, Superintendent Prince's and Victoria Docks, proceeding to England and of others.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 16th August, 1911.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

POSTPONEMENT OF SALE.

THE SALE of Immoveable Property, at Chinchwad opposite Flour Mill, that was advertised to take place THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 16th day of August, 1911 is POSTPONED.

SALE OF 100 KEGS CARSON'S MURALINE PAINT.

Messrs. SORABJI COWASJI & Co., will, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 16th day of August, 1911, sell by Public Auction at their Sales Rooms, 21, Medows Street, Fort, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), the following :—

By Order of the concerned to close the account—
100 casks Carson's muraline paint, cream, lightstone, salman, pale-blue, grey, green and other colours.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 16th August, 1911.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No 35, HUMMUM STREET,

AUCTION SALE of the Right of the Temporary Occupation of the Vacant Land.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises near Carnac Bridge, on TUESDAY, the 22nd August, 1911, at 3-30 p. m. (S. T.), the right of the temporary occupation of the following vacant lands :—

Plot Nos. 9B, 10B, 11B, 12B, 13B, Doongry Coly Street.

Full Particulars, Auction conditions and plans of the plots can be seen at the Trust Land Manager's office, Esplanade Road, Fort, or at the office of the undersigned.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 16th August, 1911.

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.,
GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.

CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, for sale and on hire.

FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.

HOUSES FURNISHED with neat Furniture

Stephens' Inks

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for Typewriters.

BOOKS FOR SALE.

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By James Douglas. Rs. 5.

THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY.
(Bombay to the Bosphorous)
By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs. 10.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.
By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5.

GIRAS AND GUARANTEE,
Being a Compilation of Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and other Guaranteed Rights.
By L. P. Parikh Rs. 6.

LAYS OF THE LAW,
A Selection of Leading Cases.
By W. E. H. Re. 1.

Apply the Bombay Gazette Office.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &C.

WANTED.

A GRADUATE, for the post of Private Secretary, to the SIR DESAI, of Sawantwadi, Rs. 75. Knowledge of Marathi (Modi) necessary. Apply with copies of testimonials to

THE POLITICAL AGENT,
Sawantwadi.

TO BE LET.

A LARGE airy and up-to-date OFFICE, on the 1st floor of Wheeler's Building, Hornby Road. Lift, E. L. and Fans. Apply—

A. H. WHEELER AND CO.,
on premises.

BANKS.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED.

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PAID-UP CAPITAL ... „ 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS ... „ 16,850,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT :—

Antung-Hsien, Bombay, Chefoo, Dairen (Dalny), Hankow, Hongkong, Honolulu, Kobe, Liaoyang, London, Lyons, Nagasaki, Newchwang, New York, Osaka, Peking, Port Arthur, San Francisco, Shanghai, Tieling, Tientsin, Tokyo, Yingtsun (Mukden)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened on approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager.

Post Box No. 217,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

Post Box No. 45.

HEAD OFFICE :—14, Rue Bergere.
LONDON 52—Threadneedle Street, E.
LIVERPOOL AND MANCHESTER.

CAPITAL Frs. 200,000,000, (£8,000,000.)

CAPITAL (fully paid up) ...£ 8,000,000
SURPLUS ..... £ 1,360,000

LONDON BANKERS :—
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION OF LONDON AND SMITH'S BANK.

BRANCHES in all Principal Towns of France, Bombay, Tunis, Melbourne, Sydney, Cairo, Alexandria, Port Said and all principal towns on Madagascar.

Current Accounts opened and fixed deposits received at terms to be ascertained on application.

Drafts and Letters of Credits issued payable at all of the Chief Commercial Towns of the World.

The Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris beg to draw the attention of Travellers to its Letter of Credit Department in Paris at the Branch Office, 2, Place de l'Opera, in the very centre of the fashionable quarter of Paris, on the Boulevards facing the Grand Opera and within easy reach of the principal Hotels, Theatres, and Shops.

Dividends, Coupons, etc., on Government Paper, and other Stocks Cashed for Customers without charge, or remitted Home through the Bank.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on Government Paper, Gold, Silver, Merchandise to

L. CAMBE,
Manager.

HOTEL WINDSOR.

VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER,

LONDON, S. W., ENGLAND.

FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL, standing bed rooms from 4s.; double from 7s. sitting and bed room from 15s.; suites from 21s. including attendance and electric light. Inclusive terms from 12s. per day. Special inclusive terms by the year. Wedding receptions. Turkish Baths. Post Office telephones in every suite. Table d'Hote at Separate Tables, from 6-30 to 8-30 (open to non-residents).

J. R. CLEAVE,
PROPRIETOR.

BANK OF BOMBAY
SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms :—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE

TOWN SUBSCRIBERS.

	Subscription. Rate.	Discount Rate.
Yearly ...	Rs. 25 0	Rs. 22 0
Half-yearly ...	„ 13 12	„ 11 8
Quarterly ...	„ 7 8	„ 6 0
Monthly ...	„ 2 8	„ 2 0

SINGLE COPY ... ... ONE ANNA.

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Yearly ...	Rs. 37 8	Rs. 30 0
Half-yearly ...	„ 20 0	„ 16 0
Quarterly ...	„ 10

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, August 14.] [BOMBAY, August 15.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
3 1-2 per cent. Consols ...	78 1-4		1-8
do. Rentes ...	95		unchgd
3 1-2 do. Sterling Loan ...	94		unchgd
1-2 do. Gov. securities...	84 5-16	3-16	
Bar Silver in London ...	24		1-16
do. 2 months' hence...	24 1-16		1 1d
Bar silver in New York ...	52		unchgd
Exchange on London at Paris...	25-26		unchgd
do. do. at Berlin...	20-42	01	
do. do. New York ...	4-85 3-4		unchgd
Discount Bank of England Rate...	3 p.c.		since
do. Short London Bills	2¾ nar.		
3 months' sight ...	2 5-8	1-16	
do, Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight...	3 1-2		unchgd
do. 3 months' fine Trade Bills...	3		unchgd
do. 6 months' fine Trade Bills...	3 7-8		unchgd
Interest day-to-day Loans - ...	1 1-3		unchgd
do. 7 day Market Loans...	1 1-4		unchgd

Bar Gold 77-9 unchgd
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) 1 15-16 unchgd
Closing Tone of Silver—Barely steady.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot	Steady, Dull.
Futures	Steady.
East Indian	.....
Manchester	Quiet with a limited enquiry.
Total sales	2,000
Sold on speculation and for Export	3.0
Imports	3,000
Mid-americans	6·71+07
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown	9 11-16 unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.
6·25	6 08	5 91	5·95	5 95
+07	+08	+12	+12	+12
Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-April.	April-May.	
5 93	5·97	5 99	6·00	
+13	+12	+12	+12	

New York Official noon call Oct. 11-25 Jan. 11-20
New Orleans 10 a.m. Oct, 11·09 Jan. 11-13

NEW YORK— Bales.

Receipts at U. S. Ports ...	5,000
Receipts at ,, Last year ...	.....
Exports to Great Britain ...	.....
Exports to Continent ...	1,000
Spot Cotton—	12·40 unchgd
Futures—Month of Oct. 11·19+04	Advanced on favorable cables and declined partially under realising.
Futures—Month of Dec. 11·21+06	

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot cotton	... 11·78—1·8
Futures month of Oct.	... 11·14+03
Futures month of Dec.	... 11 11+03
Tone of Spot Cotton	... Quiet.

LONDON August 14.

NEILL BROTHER'S REPORT—

Our circular is rather bullish and the crop prospects are somewhat less favorable owing to heat.

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Good Bengal M. G.	d 5
F. G. Bengal M. G.	d 5 2-16
Fine Bengal M. G.	d 5 4-16
Good Brownagger	d 5 11-16
F. G. Brownagger	d 5 13-16
Fine Brownagger	d 5 15-16
Good Oomras M. G.	d 5 12-16
F. G. Oomras M. G.	d 5 14-16
Fine Oomras M. G.	d 6
Good M. G. Oomras	d 5 10-16
Fine M. G. Oomras	d 5 14-16
Good Broach	d 6 1-16
F. G. Broach	d 6 7-32
Fine Broach	d 6 6-16
Good Khandeish	d 6 9-16
F. G. Khandeish...	d 5 11-16

F. G. F. Tinnevelly Liverpool O. I. F.... d 6 4-32
Buyers, &c—Nominal.
Months—Aug.-Sept.
Good Tinnevelly ... d 6 5-16

WHEAT.

Wheat White Karachi ... 36
Do. Months—Aug.-Sept.
Do. Name of Ports—London.—Done and Sellers.
Wheat Red Karachi ... 35 1-4
Do. Months—Aug.-Sept.
Do. Name of Ports—London.—Buyers.
Tone—Firmer.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rosario Santa Fe-62lbs. ... 35 3-4
Do. Months—August.-Sept.
Buyers &c.—Sellers.
Tone—Firmer.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

New South Wales ... 35 3-4
Do. Months—Aug.-Sept.
Buyers &c.—Sellers.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—

Yellow Cawn, per 416 lbs 85 p.c ex-ship...	48 1-2
Do. Months—Aug.-Sept.	
Do, Name of Ports.—Dunkirk—Nominal.	
YellowGujarat, per 416 lbs. 85 p.c.ex-ship...	50
Do. Months—Aug.-Sept.	
Do, Name of Ports.—Antwerp.—Sellers.	
Brown Cawnpore ...	45
Do. Months—August.-Sept.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.—Sellers.	
Tone—Firmer.	

LINSEED—

Bombay, per 416 lbs ex-ship ...	73
Do. Months—Aug.-Sept.	
Do. Name of Ports.—Antwerp—Sellers.	
Tone—Strong.	
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ...	65 1-4
Do. Months—Aug.-Sept.	
Do, Name of Ports—Antwerp.—Sellers.	

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—

In New York Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)...	13 1-4 unchgd

RUBBER—

Para Rubber ...	4 6 1-2—Aug.-Sept.—Value. Dull.

METALS—

Copper Brazlers ...	£ 67 1-2
Yellow Metal ...	d 6
Standard Copper G. M. B. ...	£56 12-16

FREIGHT—

Coals :—Cardiff to Bombay Canal....Nominal.

SUGAR—

German Granulated Sugar C & F India (Double bags) ...	17 2 1-4—Sellers.
Do. Months of Shipment at...Oct.-Dec.	
Tone—Steady. Only small business.	
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ...	Nominal in the absence of business.
Do Months of Shipments ...	Oct.-Dec.
German Beet-root 88 p.c. ...	14 4 1-2—Sellers.
Months of shipments ...	October.
Tone—Strong. Considerable business being done at higher rates. Closed owing to realisation.	
E A B & Similar Crystal C & F India ...	19 6 3-4—Sellers.
Months of Shipments ...	Jan.-March.
Tone—Firm but little doing.	
Mauritius Crystals C & F Calcutta and Bombay ...	14-6—Value
Months of Shipments ...	Sept.-Oct.
Tone—Firm.	

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16×18 C and F Calcutta ...	Aug.-Nov.—13 7 1-2—Value.
Do. do. ...	July-Oct.—1912—12-8—Value.
Raw Java C and F Bombay and Karachi ...	.....
Do. do. ...	Aug.-Nov.—13-9—Value.
	July-Oct.—1912—12 4 1-2—Value.
Fine White Java C&F Calcutta ...	.....
Do, do. ...	Aug.-Nov.—14 1 1-2—Value.
	July-Oct.—1912—13-3—Value
Fine White Java C and F Bombay and Karachi ...	.....
Do. do. ...	Aug.-Nov.—14-3—Value.
	July-Oct.—1912—13 4 1-2—Value.

General Tone—Firm but not much doing.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

TUESDAY EVENING.] [15th August, 1911.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers
25 Bars Silver..	Rs. 42,300	London ...	Eastern Bank

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 12th & 13th Aug., 1911.

By	Bars	Ounces
G I P Railway	34	39,620
B B and C I Railway ...	4)	45,75¼

FINANCIAL.

EXCHANGE :—We quote :—

T. T. on London ...	1s. 4d.
Demand Draft ...	1s. 4 1-32d.
Credits 3 months' sight ...	1s. 4 3-16d.
Do. do Francs ...	170 1-2
Do. do Marks ...	138 1-4
Hongkong 60 days' sight ...	182
Shanghai ,, ...	176
Japan ,, ...	151

GOVERNMENT PAPER :—

Ready...	Rs. 96 8 0
Forward	,, 96 5 0

BULLION :—We quote :—

English Bar Gold	Rs 24 0 6
Australian ,, ...	,, 24 0 6
Sovereigns ,, ...	,, 15 0 0
Silver Ready ex duty ...	,, 61 0 0
,, 1st Settlement ...	,, 61 0 0
,, 2nd ,, ...	,, 61 1 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT :—

The market is steady and prices are a rupee or two higher. The big advance reported from Liverpool is due to unfavorable weather prevailing in America. Messrs. Neill Brothers' circular is bullish and crop prospects are reported to be somewhat less favorable owing to heat. Private advices make the Texas crop to be 4,000,000 bales against a previous estimate of 4,500,000 which proves that the crop is deteriorating in Texas.

Local mills are buying very sparingly and shippers are entirely out of the market.

QUOTATIONS :—

NEW CROP.

Good M G Broach	Rs. 302	March.
Fine M G Wardha Hingughat	,, 293	Jan.
Fine M G Nagpur	,, 290	,,
Fine M G Anamgaon-Akola.	,, 282	,,
Fine M G Khandeish ...	,, 275	,,
F. G. M. G. Kuandeish ...	,, 265	,,
Fine M G Bengal	,, 260	Nov.
Fine M. G. Bengal ...	,, 232	Dec.
Fine M. G. Bengal	,, 275	Jan.
F. G. H. G. Bengal ...	,, 265	,,

LIVERPOOL OPENER :—

Opening Tone	Quiet.
Estimated sales	2,000 bales
Total imports	8,000 ,,

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
6 25	6·06	6·01	5·97
+01	+01	+02	+02
Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-April.	Apl.-May.
5 97	5·98	5·99	6·01	6·03
+02	+02	+02	+02	+02

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED :—The market is quiet but steady.
We quote :—
Ready ,, ... Rs. 12 7 6 B. T.
September ... ... ,, 18 6 6 B. T.

RAPESEED :—The market is firm.
We Quote :—
Yellow Gazerat ready ... ,, 8 7 6 R. D.
Brown Etawah ready ... ,, 7 12 0 ,,

GINGELLYSEED :—The market is steadier.
We quote :—
Bold White 85 p.c. ... Rs. 56 8 0
Yellow Hinganghat ... ,, 65 0 0
Black Kutni ... ,, 48 0 0

CASTORSEED :—Tone steady, We Quote :—
Ready ... Rs. 7 10 6 R. T.

COTTONSEED :—Tone quiet, We Quote :—
Ready ... Rs. 24 0 0

POPPYSEED :—Tone steady, We Quote :—
Ready ... Rs. 10 4 0 B. T.

MOWRASEED :—Tone quiet but steady. We quote :—
Ready ... Rs. 7 4 0 B. T.

WHEAT :—The market is steadier.
We Quote :—
White Pissi ready ... Rs. 5 6 0 R. T.
,, ,, Sept ... Rs. 5 7 0 ,,

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of bombay	1,755
Bank of Burma	136
Bank of India	67 3-4
Eastern Bank	75
Indian Specie	51 1-4

MILLS.

Central India S and W Co ...	1,787 1-2
David	370
Kohinoor	622 1-2
Manockji Petit	2,565
New Great Eastern	162 1-2
Standard	905

PRESSES.

Indian Cotton	137 1-2
New Mofussil	845
New Berar	540

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary ...	138
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference...	172 1-2 X. D.
Bombay Steam Navigation Ord. ...	233 1-2
Colaba Land and Mill	1,152 1-2
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate ...	17
Treacher and Co.	510 X.D.
Tata I. & S. Co. Ordinary ...	69 1-4
Tata Hydro-Electric P. S. and Co., Ord.	247 1-2

RAILWAYS.

Amritsar-Patti Ry	127
Central Provinces Ry.	84
Indus-Valley	492 1-2 X.D.

TWO DAYS' RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Produce into Bombay during the 48 hours ending at 6 p.m., yesterday :—

Cotton	2,668 bales
Wheat	19,603 cwts.
Linseed	1,153 ,,
Rapeseed	1,498 ,,
Gingellyseed	319 ,,
Poppyseed	514 ,,
Groundnuts...	551 ,,
Castorseed	8,286 ,,
Rice	2,647 ,,
Myrabollams	161 ,,
Cottonseed	12,217 ,,
Mowraseed	8,987 ,,
Gram	2,637 ,,
Joowar	1,852 ,,
Maize	Nil

GOLD STANDARD RESERVE

The balance of the Gold Standard Reserve on the 31st July 1911 in India and in England amounted to £19,436,624, and was held in the following form :—

Rupees in India equivalent to at £1=Rs. 15	£ 1,934,302
Cash placed by the Secretary of State for India in Council at short notice	£ 1,140,708
British and Colonial Government Securities and Corporation of London Bonds ...	£ 16,361,614
Total ...	19,436,624

CALCUTTA MARKETS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 15.

The jute market to-day, was about the same and there was little doing at prices which have ruled. In the gunney market too it was a quiet day with little trade and prices irregular. The money market was rather steadier with business on a small side. While in the share market tea shares were very much steadier and there was better feeling with fewer sellers in evidence.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, Re. 2 for six lines or less, and 8as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

STODART—August 11, at Coonoor, the wife of J. C. Stodart, I.C.S., of a son.

DEATH.

REID—August 5, at the Station Hospital, Murree, of appendicitis, Major H. A. Reid, 30th Mountain Battery.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre. Our Star film "Foolshead," the Excelsior Commedian. Three shows nightly 7 to 8, 8·30 to 9·30, and 10 to 11 p.m.

Skating Rink, 8 a. m. and on Tuesdays and Thursdays 6 p. m.; Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays, 9·30 p. m.

Maxim : "Every tide has its rise and fall and one would be living in a fool's paradise not to take the ebb into consideration in figuring out his future requirements."—E. H. Harriman.

THE ENGLISH MAIL.

ARRIVALS.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. "Salsette," with the English Mails of the 4th instant, left Aden at 4 p. m. on Sunday, and is expected to arrive in Bombay harbour at 6 a.m. on Friday.

DEPARTURES.

The P. and O. Co.'s mail steamer "Salsette," leaves Bombay harbour at 2-39 p.m. on Saturday next.

THE SKATING RINK.—To-morrow (Thursday) being a Bank holiday, there will be as usual on such occasions, a long Session from 9 to 11 in the morning when the Band will attend. From 6 to 8 in the evening there will be the usual Session.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Thursday the 17th August being a Post Office holiday, on account of Gokul Ashtami, it is notified that letters and parcels intended for registration for the Persian Gulf will be received up to to-day, Wednesday, evening at the Bombay G. P. O. and Town Sub-Offices.

DEATH OF A POLICE OFFICER.—Inspector Lewis of the Bombay City Police died suddenly of heart failure on Monday night at about eleven o'clock, at the Girgaon Police Station. The deceased was at the time taking down the statements of witnesses in a motor-car accident case. He complained of pain in the chest and medical assistance was sent for, but the officer expired before the doctor arrived. The deceased joined the City Police Force in February 1902, as a constable.

DEVICE TO DISCHARGE.

AT the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, before Rao Bahadhur Chunilal H. Setalvad, Fourth Presidency Magistrate, Private Edward Smith, of the 15th Company, Royal Warwickshire Regiment, was charged with the theft of two metal watches from the shop of Abdul Currim, a Mahomedan, having his shop at Bhendy Bazaar. The accused pleaded guilty and said he deliberately committed the offence. The Magistrate remarked that the accused deliberately committed the offence to get his discharge from the regiment, and therefore he should be dealt with severely. He was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

ST. GEORGE'S HOSPITAL.

A NEW recreation room for the use of the staff of nurses at St. George's Hospital, Bombay, was opened on Monday evening, when the Chief Physician, Lt.-Col. Collie, and Mrs. Collie gave an "At Home." Some 150 guests were present and there was dancing to the music of Mr. Mallandine's string band. The room which is situated near the entrance to the hospital compound, has been greatly needed for a long time, as the old recreation room was demolished when the condemned wards were removed, and since then the nurses have been without a hall in which to receive and entertain their friends. The new building has been provided through the endeavours of Colonel Collie, in which his wife energetically seconded him. But the room cannot yet be regarded as complete as the roof is in need of tiling and electric fans are also a desideratum. Those requirements might easily be supplied by some well-to-do resident of Bombay, to whose generosity we commend them.

FATAL MOTOR-CAR ACCIDENT.

YESTERDAY at the Morgue, Bombay, Mr. E. T. Lambert, the Coroner, held an inquest touching the death of a Hindu boy, named Hassia Luxman, aged 7. Haji Khairatee, a hawker, deposed that on Monday afternoon he was standing at the junction of Sandhurst and Duncan Roads, when he saw a motor-car, driven by Shunker Bhewa, coming down Duncan Road from Two Tanks and proceeding towards Null Bazaar. The car, which was coming along the tramway lines on the left hand side, was going at a moderate pace. The driver was blowing his horn. When the car came to the junction of Duncan and Sandhurst Roads, the deceased tried to cross the former road in front of the car. The right-hand mud-guard knocked the deceased down and he was dragged some five or six paces by the car. The car was stopped within six or seven paces after the deceased was knocked down. The deceased died soon after.

Cassam Haji Ibrahim, a shopkeeper, deposed that he heard no horn.

Inspector Sheehy, Motor-Car, Arms and Ammunition Department, said he made several trials of the brakes of the car after the accident and found that when the car was travelling at fifteen miles an hour the foot-brake would not stop it in less than forty-five yards. The hand-brake was in very good condition. If the brakes had been in order, a car going at fifteen miles an hour should stop within its own length; there was nothing else wrong with the car.

Dr. S. B. Naik said he was in the car at the time of the accident. The chauffeur was driving slowly and was blowing his horn.

The jury returned a verdict of death from a fracture of the base of the skull caused by the deceased having been accidentally knocked down and run over by a motor-car.

In England it is a well-known contention of the Temperance party that the spread of drunkenness is in some measure due to the large number of licensed houses. The publicans being in excess of the requirements of the community, naturally have to compete hard, and occasionally by improper means, for custom. According to the Chief Commissioner of the North-West Frontier Province, the excess of litigation in that province is due to a similar cause—the superfluity of licensed legal practitioners. Many of these practitioners, it is stated, are very poor, and it is only reasonable to suppose that in the endeavour to make ends meet they foster litigation, not in the interest of their clients but of themselves!

ADVICE TO MOTHERS :—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cause. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere!

BOMBAY HIGH COURT.

JUDGMENT IN HAVALA SUITS.

Decrees for Companies.

ON the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the hon'ble Mr. Justice Macleod delivered judgment in the suit brought by the Tricumdass Mills, Limited, (in liquidation), against Gordhandass Khatau to recover Rs. 2,77,060 odd, being the price of goods sold to the defendant.

Mr. M. R. Jardine and Mr. M. A. Jinnah, instructed by Messrs. Bhaishankar, Kanga and Ghirdhaslal, appeared for the plaintiff; the Hon'ble the Advocate-general, Mr. C. H. Setalvad and Mr. B. J. Desai, instructed by Messrs. Little and Company, were for the first defendant; the second defendant was not present.

His Lordship, in delivering his judgement, said: It is admitted that the defendants took delivery of goods of the value of Rs. 2,77,525 between the 21st August, 1905, and the 2nd June, 1909, as per particulars annexed to the plaint, and that the defendant did not pay cash direct to the company for the said goods. It is not now disputed that the plaintiffs' claim for the value of goods sold prior to the 29th April, 1907, is barred by limitation. The defendants, though dealing as partners with the plaintiff company, filed separate appearances and written statements, but at the hearing they appeared through the same attorneys and counsel. The defendants in effect plead payment, and, in the alternative, that the plaintiff company is estopped from denying that they have received payment for the goods.

The defendants in 1904, commenced to buy a particular sort of yarn from the plaintiffs, which they consigned to their corresponding firm at Calcutta, for sale. They were also buying similar cotton from the Bombay Cotton Company and from the Lakhmidass Khimji Spinning and Weaving Company. At first the defendants paid for the yarn they bought direct to the said companies. In 1904, one Dwarkadass Dharamsey was a partner in all the three firms of secretaries, treasurers and agents, which managed the affairs of the plaintiff company, the Bombay Cotton Company and the Lakhmidass Khimji Spinning and Weaving Company, respectively. The first defendent had known Dwarkadass intimately for many years; they were related by marriage and since 1884, the first defendant had had a current account in his books with Dwarkadass, in which Dwarkadass was always a debtor. The first defendent and the plaintiff company occupied adjoining offices in Oriental Buildings. In 1905, Dwarkadass, who had the entire control of the agents' firm of the plantiff company, first suggested to the first defendant that, instead of the first defendant paying the abovementioned companies direct for the yarn bought from them, the first defendant should, when Dwarkadass so requested, credit Dwarkadass with the value of yarn bought in the current account between the first defendant and Dwarkadass, Dwarkadass undertaking to pay the company concerned and get their receipt in favour of the defendant. The first defendant agreed to this being done. Thereafter, when a particular consignment of yarn had been delivered to the defendants, an account of what was due was made up and a clerk was sent by them to the company's office to ascertain whether the amount was correct. When that had been done, the first defendant was informed, and the clerk was then sent to inquire whether Dwarkadass required cash or whether he wished the amount credited to him in current account with the first defendant. If cash was required, the first defendant sent a cheque; if Dwarkadass wished to be credited with the amount, the first defendant waited until he got the company's receipt. The next day, or on some occasions a few day's later, Dwarkadass would send a receipt in favour of the defendants purporting to be signed by the secretaries, treasurers and agents of the company from whom the yarn had been bought. The first defendant then credited Dwarkadass with the amount in his own books and debited his Calcutta firm. Though it does not seem very material, it is certainly possible that the first defendant may have in some cases made the entries in his own books before he got the receipt. As a matter of fact Dwarkadass did not pay cash to the Company concerned for the yarn so delivered to the defendant.

In 1905, the firm of Trioumdass Dwarkadass and Co. were the secretaries, treasurers and agents of the Company, the partners in the firm being Dwarkadass Dharamsey and Naransey Ratansey. It does not appear that Naransey took any part in the business of the firm. On the 30th March, 1906, at a meeting of the Board, the secretaries, treasurers and agents reported that they had opened a current account with the company in the name of Dwarkadass Dharamsey. As a matter of fact, Dwarkadass had opened this account, some time previously, and from August 1905 there was always a large balance due from him to the company on that account. Exhibit "F" is a statement made up from the books of the company showing the debit balance due by Dwarkadass on the various dates, on which entries were made in respect of the yarn sold to the defendants the subject matter of this suit. The earliest date I am now concerned with, is the 29th April, 1907, when Dwarkadass owed the company over six lakhs of rupees; and upto the 2nd June, 1909, the debit balance never fell below Rs. 5,70,000. Dwarkadass having complete control of the company's books, instead of paying the company for the yarn bought by the defendants, debited himself with the amount due and credited the defendants. He then signed a receipt in the name of the agents' firm in favour of the defendants and handed it over to them. He concealed his indebtedness to the company by making fictitious entries at the end of each year, crediting himself with the amount due by him, and debiting them to various other accounts. On the first day of the next year, the situation was restored by reverse entries. By means I need not refer to in detail here, he managed that the company's account should be audited and balance sheets placed for signature before the board of directors without anything being apparent which might disclose the fraud he was practising on the company. This was not discovered until after the death of Dwarkadass on the 28th August, 1909, when the company went into liquidation.

LINES OF DEFENCE.

The defendants' first line of defence, as set up in their written statements, was that the payments, which were purported to be made by crediting Dwarkadass in the account between Dwarkadass and the first defendant, were in effect cash payments and otherwise good, effectual and valid payments according to law, and in the usual course of business and custom prevailing amongst merchants.

It is clear that this contention could not be maintained (see Pearson vs. Scott, 9 Chancery Division 198) and it was given up by defendants' counsel when opening his case.

The defendants then contended that the company had, as a matter of fact, been paid for the goods in suit, and in the alternative that, if the company had not been paid, they were now estopped from alleging they did not receive cash for the goods.

The first defendant was at one time a director of the company and a member of the original firm of secretaries, treasurers and agents. In December 1898, he retired from that firm and in 1899, he retired from the Board. It cannot, therefore, be argued that the first defendant was unacquainted with the memorandum and articles of association of the company or the nature of the business of the company and the manner in which it was carried on by the directors and the secretaries, treasurers and agents. Even if it could, a party dealing with a joint stock company must be affected with notice of what is contained in its memorandum and articles of association. (See Mahoney v East Holyford Company, Law Reports, 7 H. L., p. 869 per Lord Hatterley) under article 94, the object and business of the Company, was to be carried out and managed by the Board with the assistance of the secretaries, treasurers and agents. Under article 95 (d), the Board were authorised inter alia to spin yarn and sell it in Bombay for cash or on credit. Under the agreement between the company and its original secretaries etc., Messrs. Tricumdass Gordhandass and Company, the latter had, subject to the control of the directors, the general conduct and management of the business and affairs of the Company, including the power to sell yarn either in Bombay or elsewhere and either on credit or for cash. A similar agreement was entered into by the company with the firm of Tricumdass Dwarkadass and Company, on the 25th February 1899. It is not suggested that the sales of yarn to the defendant were sales on credit nor can it be argued now on the evidence, that the company received cash for the yarn, on or about the respective date of the sales.

Mr. Jardine conceded that, if the plaintiff company had agreed to accept the liability of Dwarkadass to pay for the yarn in suit in the place of the defendants, the defendants were absolved from their liability and it was immaterial for the purposes of this suit whether Dwarkadass had paid the company or not.

As it was clear that the whole of the account of Dwarkadass with the company was a fraud on the company, which they were entitled to repudiate when the fraud was discovered, and that the company had never accepted the liability of Dwarkadass in the place of the defendants, the defendants were reduced to endeavouring to show that, as a matter of fact, Dwarkadass had paid the company, although the company had never accepted him as their debtor for the yarn.

This defence was not pleaded originally in the written statement of he defendants, but it appears in paras 22 A to E, which were only added after the commencement of the hearing, no objection being raised to the said amendment by the plaintiff's counsel. The argument is as follows :—"On the 2nd June, 1909, in the current account between Dwarkadass and the company, there was a large debit balance against Dwarkadass, which included all the amounts debited to him for the yarn in suit after the 2nd June, 1909, Dwarkadass made large payments to the company exceeding the amount one by him on the 2nd June 1909, although large sums were also debited to him and he was heavily indebted to the company at the date of his death.

Under Section 61 of the Contract Act, the payments, after the 2nd June 1909 must be appropriated to the earlier debit items, and therefore the whole of the debit balance on the 2nd June, 1909, has been wiped out. Therefore the company has been paid for the yarn in suit. But Section 61 refers to the appropriation of payments in satisfaction of debts. If the company never accepted Dwarkadass as their debtor for the yarn in suit' there was no debt and the section has no application. If the Company did accept Dwarkadass as their debtor, the question of appropriation does not arise. It is clear that the Company never did accept Dwarkadass as their debtor, the whole account was a fraud on the company, and the company were entitled, as soon as the fraud was discovered to repudiate all the debt items in respect of the yarn in suit. The argument, therefore, based on Section 61 fails entirely.

Lastly, it was contended that, because on certain days on which debit items were entered in respect of the yarn in suit, Dwarkadass made payments to the Company in excess of his drawings, such excess must be considered as payment for yarn on behalf of the defendants. If this contention holds good, it does not seem clear why it should be confined to payments on the days of havala entries, or why payments, whatsoever made by Dwarkadass to the company, should not be considered as payments made on behalf of the defendants. But this contention is really the same as the one based on Section 61 of the Contract Act, which I have just disposed of. How the defendants say that all the credits on a particular day should be appropriated in payment of all the debits of that day. This would not advance their case any further, if I am right in holding that the company are entitled to strike out of the amount the debits relating to the yarn in suit.

It is true that the liquidator, some months after this suit was filed, made a claim against the estate of Dwarkadass, which is being administered by the Court and is hopelessly insolvent, for the balance appearing due on the current account which includes all the debit items in respect of the yarn in suit, and to that extent the claim is inconsistent with the claim against the defendants. That is an error which can easily be remedied by amendment, and I can not see in what way it can affect the defendants' liability or prejudice their defence.

Then, are the company by reason of the receipt given to the defendant signed by the secretaries, treasurers and agents estopped from alleging that cash was not received in respect of the goods in the suit? Treating the receipts as issued by the company, they represented that the company had received cash from the defendant; defendants know they had not paid cash to the company, therefore the company by virtue of those receipts would not have caused or permitted the defendants to believe that they had paid the company. The defendants have confused the issue by failing to distinguish the difference between the representation of the company that they had received cash from Dwarkadass on behalf of the defendants and in para. 13 of the written statement, these two distinct representation are treated as one and the same. The agents of the company were not empowered to give a receipt for cash, when no cash was paid, and therefore the company are not estopped from setting up the true facts of the case, see George Whiterburg and Co. vs. Cavanaugh 1902, App. Cases page 117, where the secretaries of a company had certified a transfer of shares without having received the certificates and it was held there was no estoppel. The defendants ought to have satisfied themselves that Dwarkadass paid the company and a receipt signed by Dwarkadass in the name of Tricumdass Dwarkadass and Co., as agents of the company, was clearly not enough to establish this. It was, therefore, unnecessary to pursue the argument that the defendants were induced to continue paying by "havalas," because the company represented to them that Dwarkadass was paying on their behalf. Though there is no question that defendants were able to pay cash for the yarn, it is impossible not to come to the conclusion that the first defendant set off the amount due by him to the company against the amount due to him by Dwarkadass for the accommodation of and on account of his friendship with Dwarkadass, relying solely on the good faith of Dwarkadass. I find the first three issues in the negative and the fourth in the affirmative; on the fifth issue, I find the claim prior to the 29th April, 1907, was barred.

There must be a decree for the plaintiff for the amount claimed in the particulars from the 29th April, 1907, onwards with interest at 6 per cent. from the date of the filing of the suit till judgment and costs and interest on judgment at 6 per cent.

LAKHMIDASS MILLS' CLAIM.

His Lordship then delivered judgment in the suit brought against Gordhandass Khatau by the Lakhmidas Mills to recover Rs. 3,82,135, being the value of goods sold to him.

In the course of his judgment, his Lordship retailed the facts, which were similar to those in the previous case and said: In March 1904, Dwarkadass opened an account in the company's books in his own name and after the death of Damodar in 1907, the amount due for yarn in suit sold to the defendant firm was debited to Dwarkadass on their account. Exhibit E is a statement from the company's books shewing the balances due by Dwarkadass to the company on the various dates, on which such debit entries were made, after deducting the Rs. 2,40,000, which the plaintiff now says were wrongly credited to that amount on the 24th March, 1904. Considering that Dwarkadass as a member of the agent firm was liable to the company for the enormous balances due to the company by the agents' firm, it seems to be immaterial if he was a creditor of the company to a small extent for some time after 1907, but I think the plaintiffs' witness, the accountant Billimoria, is correct in saying that Dwarkadass was wrongly credited with the sum of Rs. 2,40,000 and as the defendant disputes this, I must deal with the matter. In March 1904, the company was authorised to issue 1,000 debentures of Rs. 500 each and Dwarkadass invited offers for such debentures. To some of those who applied for debentures and paid the amount due temporary receipts were issued. In all applications from outsiders were received for 765 debentures and in respect of these Rs. 3,82,500 were paid to the company. Dwarkadass meanwhile, on the 24th March, had issued to himself a receipt for Rs. 2,40,000 in respect of 480 debentures. He borrowed the money from Sassoon J. David, to whom he endorsed the receipt. Then he paid the money to the company and credited it to himself on current account, instead of to debenture account, as he should have done. On the 13th July, 1904, the debenture bonds were ready for issue and it will be seen, from what is stated above, that the company had received on account of the issue of debentures Rs. 6,22,500, instead of Rs. 5,00,000. Dwarkadass between the 13th July and the 22nd September issued to himself 696 debentures and dealt with them in the market. On the 22nd September, the 1,000 debenture bonds authorised had all been issued. To satisfy the holders of the receipts for 765 debentures, who had not applied for bonds before that date, Dwarkadass first issued 25 forms which had been printed in excess of the 1,000 required and then got more forms printed. In the Company's books, he only debited himself with debentures of the value of Rs. 1,17,500 and the reason for not crediting the original payment of Rs. 2,40,000 to debenture account becomes clear. The company's books showed that only five lakhs had been received on account of debentures and Dwarkadass got credit to the extent of Rs. 1,22,500 on current account, although he had issued to himself 696 debentures. The defendant, therefore, cannot take advantage of the manner in which Dwarkadass manipulated the account, and it is quite clear that the credit item of Rs. 2,40,000 must be eliminated from the current account together with the debit item of Rs. 1,17,500.

On the 15th November, 1909, his Lordship continued, after stating further facts similar to those in the above suit, the liquidator took out a summons under Section 214 of the Indian Companies' Act seeking to recover the amount now sued for from the defendant as moneys for which the defendant had become liable or accountable for, or as compensation in respect of misfeasance of the defendant as a director of the company. The said summons was dismissed on the 13th April, 1910, and the plaintiff company now seek, under Section 14 of the Limitation Act, in computing the period of limitation to exclude the time during which the summons

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The German East Africa Line steamer Somali 615 tons, Captain L. Kaeh, arrived in harbour on Monday evening from Durban via Zanzibar &c., with a general cargo, cabin and 35 deck passengers.

The steamer Gothic, 3470 tons, Captain F. R. Walterworth, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta, with a cargo of coal.

The City Line steamer City of Calcutta, 4886 tons, Captain Jas. R. Rai, arrived in harbour yesterday from Birkenhead, with a general cargo and passengers.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Uganda, 3498 tons, Captain J. Kilpatrick, will sail to-day for Java in ballast.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Madura, 1273 tons, Captain E. Pratt, will sail to-day for the Persian Gulf via Karachi, with a general cago and 65 deck passengers.

The Rubattino Line steamer Capri, 2,717 tons Captain P. Figari, will sail to-day for Hong Kong, with a general cargo.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Monday 14th Aug. should be regarded as a Full Weather Working Day for Vessels in the Prince's and Victoria Docks.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

R I M S Dufferin...Huddleston ..... R I M
R I M S Hardinge ...Comdr ... ..Luck.....R I Marine
R I M S Northbrook B H Jones..... .....R I Marine
R I M S Mayo...Lt Comdr.....Finnis.....RI Marine
R I M S Palinurus .....Lt W Taylor .....Survey Vessel

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Aug. 15.

City of Calcutta...4886 Rae ..... K N & Co
Fakhri .....2555 Baldvin.....Bo & H S N Co
Galles .....555 Wratt.....K Nixon & Co
Gothic.....2470 Walterworth .....
Hatumet .....2584 Peters .....T M & Co
Harpenden..... ...202 Cromack ...Andrew Yule & Co
Mahammadi..... 1251 Geddis ...15-7...B & P S N Co
Pundua .....2126 Logan .... M & Co
Scalds.....3433 Swanson .....M M & Co
Assaye .....435d Cockman.....Shanghai ...29-8..... P & O Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Aug. 15.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels. Tons. Capts. Dest. Date. Agents.

A Shah Jehan.....3566 McBear,.....Jeddah ... 17-8 B & H S N Co
F Onda...3410 Reddock ...Rangoon...16-8 . M M & Co
M Uganda 3498 Kilpatrick...AngerHead...16-8MM & Co
N Homayun..... 2154 Maloney ...Red Sea Ports... 20-8...S & P S N Co
O Naseri .....911 Watson ...20-8...Bo & P S N Co
P Hohenfels ..3407 Muller...22-8...W & A Graham & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

2 Elysia.....3994 Robertson .....L'pool...21-8... ... & A Graham & Co
3 Capri.....2620 Figari ..... B Line
6 President...3086 Bremer Durban...17-8A S & Co
7 Madura...1273 Pratt Persian Gul .16-8 ...M M&Co
8 Denbigh Hall.... 3211 Denton...Karachi ..16-8... K Nixon & Co
10&11 Delta 478 Martin ..Shanghai...16-8 P & O Co
12 & 13 Caledonia...3429 Snow ..... P & O Co
14 Lhasa .. 9.0 McDearmed...Karachi 18-8...MM& Co
16 Somali.....1615.....Kasoh.....Zanzibar...19-8 A Strandes Co

P & O Dock

Gymeric.....2558 Williams .....E Tajbhoy

B I Dock

Kola... ....510 Morrison ... .M M & Co

Off side N

Lawoe ....1817 Francis ...Repairing.....H T Ayoob

H W P D

Saraswati .....443 Ebram...Muscat....16-8...B S N Co
Mahaudi.....543 Ahmed ...Karachi...16-8...B S N Co

H W V D

Damra.....762 Manley ..Basrah...17-8...M M & Co

ARRIVALS.

Aug.	Vessels	Commander	From
14	Somali.....	Kosch	Durban, July 21
15	City of Calcutta...	Rae	Brest, July 24
	Gothic.....	Walterworth..	Calcutta, Aug 1
	Bingo Maru	Soyeda.....	Kobe, &c

DEPARTURES.

Aug.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
15	Obra	Addenbrook..	Calcutta
	R Rubattino	Mascini ...	Genoa
	Trafford Hall.....	Hood	Liverpool

The following vessels obtained their portclearances yesterday :—

Steamer Uganda, Kilpatrick, for Java
" Capri, Figari, for Hongkong
" Madura, Pratt, for Persian Gulf

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday:—

Steamer Somali, for Zanzibar, &c
" Mahammadi, for Jeddah
" Saisette, for Aden
" To arrive,

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Anchor Line steamer Scindia, Homeward bound arrived at Marseilles on the 13th instant.

The Austrian Lloyd's steamer Marquis Bacquehem, left Trieste on the 12th instant and is due here about the 6th September.

The Ellerman Line steamer City of Glasgow, homeward bound passed Port Said on the morning of 15th instant.

DAILY EXPORTS—AUGUST 15.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Elysia s—15 bales wool, M Vasanji ; 26 bales wool, the Bombay Co ; 738 cwts Java Sugar, Ralli Bros ; 201 cwts nigerseed, Baner Krause ; 60 cwts seed cakes, Hill Son and Thomas ; 20 bales wool, E Shewji 1,200 cwts oil cakes, R J Dawer and Co ; 5 bales wool, D Sassoon and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Caledonia s—27 bales hemp, H Ludha ; 25 bales cotton, J Cassum ; 170 bales hemp, H Govindji; 96 cwts gum, S Cooverji and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Hohenfels —330 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers ; 1 bundle carpets, Cowasji Dinshaw and Bros ; 2 bales chiretta, Lawrence and Co ; 1 case leather stripes, Nusserwanji Bros and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Elysia s—30 cwts dryginger, M Jafferbhoy ; 479 cwts linseed, L Dreyfus and Co.

FOR BREMEN.

Hohenfels s—1 cask skins box's shipping Agency.

FOR MANCHESTE..

Elysia s—39 bales twist, Sassoon J David and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Delta s—12 1-2 chests opium C Ebrahim and Co ; 38 1-2 chests opium, David Sassoon and Co ; 284 boxes, British dollars the Hongkong Bank.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Delta s—31 chests opium, E D Sassoon and Co ; 5 chests opium, 25 bales twist C Bamonji and Co ; 66 1-2 chests opium, David Sassoon and Co 42 1-2 chests opium, M Gazanand.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Delta s—1 1-2 cwts ivory, M Cassum, 50 cwts gum, S D Karanjia and Co.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COLONEL R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 16th August.

647. Musketry.—The Range at Ghat Kopar is allotted for class-firing as follows :—

Thursday 17th instant—"G" Coy Sunday the 27th instant, "D" Coy. Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 5-50 a.m.

648. Rifle Club.—The Range at Ghatkopar is allotted to the Rifle Club matches 13 to 15 on Sunday the 20th instant by train leaving Victoria Turminus at 5-50 a. m.

649. The Miniature Range at Carnac Road, will be open for matches 13 to 15 on Sunday, the 27th instant, from 9 a.m. to 12 noon.

E. G. J. BYRNE, Captain,
Adjt. B. V. R.

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AND
H. E. General Sir O'MOORE CREAGH, V.C., G.C.B., I.A., Commander-in-Chief in India.

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Devoes Brilliant 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Tiger 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Monkey, 125 deg.	4 0 2	do.
White Camelia 125° (in tins)	3 10 0	per two tins.
Elephant, 125 deg. (in tins)	3 10 0	do.
do. 125 deg. (in Bulk)	3 0 0	per 8 gallons
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Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, General Post Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.
Wednesday, 16th August, 1911.

THE MOSLEM UNIVERSITY.

In the middle of the seventies the Aligarh College commenced the operations which were destined to revolutionize Mahomedan thought and to create the laudable aspirations with which we are familiar, and a couple of years afterwards Lord Lytton laid the foundation-stone of the building towards the endowment of which his predecessor had given ten thousand rupees. This was in Queen Victoria's Proclamation year, and the Viceroy, aware of her interest in the welfare of Mahomedan India, transmitted an account of the ceremony with appropriate comments by himself. The original roll-call which is still preserved in the College archives shows that it began with about a couple score of pupils, recruited chiefly from the town and its vicinity, but fifteen years later the attendance had risen to a hundred and fifty while the income stood at three-quarters of a lakh. It now educates five hundred youths drawn from all parts of India and from countries beyond the British borders, has a revenue of over two lakhs, while during the last thirteen years more than a quarter of a crore of rupees have been gathered for building and endowment purposes, many of the leading Mahomedan States and the wealthier members of the Islamic community having been lavish contributors to its funds. This is a brief financial summary of the renaissance of which Sir Syed Ahmed Khan and a small group of co-operators were the motive power, while the educational and progressive results are the most striking events in the annals of modern India, as they have elevated Mahomedanism from the decadence into which it had lapsed, to a forceful and valuable factor among the peoples of the Empire. For Aligarh not only symbolises the new era of Islamic culture, but is also the centre and preceptor of the political aspirations which have arisen as the result of its teaching, and which find expression in the League established there a few years ago for the promotion and guidance of Mahomedan opinion upon all questions touching the general interests of the community. The original founders of the college intended that it should fill this dual function as soon as sufficient progress had been made on the educational side of the movement to warrant the application of legitimate pressure to the Government for a fuller recognition of the claims of their Musalman subjects to official employment, and to admission to the representative institutions coming into existence throughout the country. The opportunity arrived when Lord Minto's Reform Scheme was under consideration, and the quick and effectual use made of it demonstrated the advent of a conjunction not foreseen when the original draft was prepared, and whose moderate and respectful demands were a pleasant contrast to the exaggerated ideals of the Hindu extremists. The Viceroy and his advisers adjusted the prospective concessions to standards which made them loyally acceptable to the leaders of the new Islam, and the consequences of this sagacious act of policy were fully revealed a few months later when the Mahomedans ranged themselves on the official side in the combat against sedition and assassination which is still being waged.

But Aligarh had a third objective bequeathed to it by its distinguished founder, and this was the conversion of the College into a national university when sufficient educational progress had been made to justify the transition and the requisite funds were forthcoming. The first of these conditions was reached several years ago, and it was then resolved that steps should be taken to realise the ideal which would give Indian Moslems an "alma mater" of their own and make them independent of official institutions whose curricula and examinations were not suitable to the Aligarh graduates. Appeals were made to the community for financial assistance by deputations sent out by the College, but the results were not very encouraging until His Highness the Aga Khan undertook to act as collector and to persuade his countrymen that the best means of demonstrating their patriotism was the donation of funds for the endowment of the University. The Aga's position as the recognised and trusted leader of the new Islam, and the conspicuous part he had taken in the promotion of the national league which had safe-guarded Mahomedan interests, when Lord Minto's proposals were finally shaped, made him an irresistible canvasser. Touched by his eloquent exhortations, Princes, Talukdars, the landed aristrocracy, wealthy merchants, and even the poorest adherents of the faith all hastened to attach their names to his subscription lists and to allot sums varying from the lakhs of the opulent donors to a few rupees from those whose funds would not admit of larger contributions. The enthusiasm aroused by his appeals was a striking testimony to the homogeneity of the Moslems for both Sunis and Shias were eager supporters of the movement, all religious differences being set aside to ensure the success of a campaign having for its object the realisation of a educational ideal which should be the crowning point of the modest reformation begun at Aligarh a third of a century ago.

The result of the Aga's innovations was the promise of amounts aggregating twenty-five lakhs of rupees, though one important centre has still to be exploited and may be relied upon to make considerable additions to this sum. We allude to Hyderabad, whose wealthy nobles and jagirdars will certainly follow the lead of their ruler as soon as the Nizam has decided upon the extent of his own donation. This State has been a consistent and generous supporter of Aligarh since its foundation, both financially and by sending many of its Mahomedan youths to finish their education at the College, and will therefore be a strong ally to the project now materialising for elevating it into a great nationalist University. For when the Aga Khan left Bombay a few months ago, he carried the proposal to London for submission to the authorities at Whitehall and the preparation of a constitution which should fulfil all official requirements. At the same time a University Committee was formed at Aligarh with the object of enlisting the support of the Government of India as a necessary corollary to the further advancement warranted by the successful solution of the financial problem. It appears from documents now before us that this conjunction has served its purpose, and that after the settlement of certain formalities there will be nothing to prevent the advent of the institution on the lines desired by its promoters. One of these is a letter from the educational member of the Viceroy's Council announcing that both the Government of India and the Secretary of State are agreed regarding the desideratum of a Moslem University and are prepared to sanction its creation if the financial guarantees are satisfactory and a draft constitution is submitted for approval. As regards the endowment and building funds there should be no difficulty as with the incorporation of the present College income of two lakhs per annum, there will be a sufficiency for both purposes, and all that remains to be done is to collect as rapidly as possible the sums vouched for in the subscription lists, for which purpose an early response should be made to the appeal of the Rajah of Mahmudabad. The other paper is the proposed constitution which is to be finally considered and settled by the Committee during the current month and then sent up to the Government of India for ratification—subject, of course, to such amendments as may be acceptable to the promoters—and the legalities necessary for its inclusion in the national book of statutes. A detailed criticism of its lengthy and somewhat technical provisions would only be interesting to educational experts who will doubtless scrutinise it from various standpoints, and we will, therefore, limit ourselves to the verdict that the draft appears to have been prepared with considerable skill and that it contains all the essentials for a teaching university whose tuition will be available to all classes of Indians as well as to members of the Domiciled Communities. The Mahomedans have every reason to be proud of the prospective success of an educational reformation commenced by a handful of earnest pioneers in the middle seventies of last century under conditions which are in strong contrast to present developments, while they also deserve the gratitude of the rest of India for the decision to throw open their university to all careers in preference to limiting its benefits to their own people, for this is an act of Catholicity which will make Aligarh a valuable auxiliary to all future schemes for intellectual and material advancement.

DOCTORS DIFFER. DR. BENTLEY, when he delivered his report on malaria in Bombay, had no idea of the hornet's nest he was about to disturb, but if he read of the doings, or rather sayings, of the Bombay Corporation, he will begin to realise that the work, that has received the hearty approval of distinguished bacteriologists and medical men, is far from winning equal approval among our councillor doctors. After all, what is more easy than to deny any statement that is displeasing, even if the denial is unsupported by a scrap of reliable evidence? It has probably never struck Dr. Bentley that the abolition of malaria would be heavy pecuniary loss to the doctors of Bombay. By its large incidence, and because it disables more than it kills its victims, their earning powers are not entirely stopped, and thus they manage to pay for medicines that their medical adviser supplies from his own pharmacy. The sale of drugs forms a large part of the revenue of many Bombay doctors. One of the critics attacked the accuracy of Dr. Bentley's figures on the subject of the spleen index. He referred vaguely to his own experience in twenty years' practice, and suggested that Dr. Bentley's assistants were either careless or incompetent. All competent medical men know that the examination of the spleen may be learned in an afternoon by any intelligent person. Another "corporator" stated positively that it was the excavation—at the new docks presumably—and not the wells, that were the cause of the outbreak of malaria. One is disposed to wonder if Dr. Dadachanji has really read the report and the minute details of examination of wells that accompanied it. Mr. Wacha, who is thorough or nothing, attacked Dr. Bentley's scientific competense and looked upon the statistics given by him with entire suspicion—a charge that was publicly levelled at himself the other day. Our readers may reasonably begin to wonder if any single man engaged in the discussion of Dr. Bentley's report could pass an elementary examination in bacteriology. None proposed any practical alternative to the measures called for in the report, and if it is to be referred to a committee of no greater competence than those that took part in the meeting of Monday, may we expect any useful results? Some municipal councillors would support the right of a man to do as he pleases in his own house and to breed malarial mosquitoes, if he likes to do it. They would also deny to the neighbour of cleanly and sanitary habits the right of compensation if laid up by the bite of those same mosquitoes. Is it not high time that all members of the Municipal Corporation should pass a strict examination before being permitted to occupy the time of meetings? There are twice too many of them for any useful purpose, and their numbers and quality prevent many good and useful men from joining their body. So much sound evidence has already been published regarding the cause and prevalence of malaria that if the Corporation is not ready to take immediate action, remedial measures had better be put in other hands.

SUGGESTED NEW MAGISTRATE. THE Municipal Commissioner, in his letter to the Corporation, which was considered on Monday, advising the appointment of an additional Presidency Magistrate, deals with his subject very thoroughly and makes out a strong case. His argument very briefly is that the present staff of magistrates is so much engaged upon other work, that they cannot find adequate time for the hearing of municipal prosecutions. Further the cases are now prepared and conducted in Court by various heads of municipal departments, who are men untrained for such work and unable to put the evidence before a Bench in the most effective manner. The Commissioner, therefore, asks not only that an additional magistrate be appointed, but that pleaders be retained to prosecute in all municipal cases. Both the salary of the magistrate and the fees of the pleaders would, he suggests, be fully covered by the fines realised, and he supports this argument from the experience of Calcutta, where similar measures are already in force. We see no reason why a course which has raised the efficiency of municipal administration in Calcutta, should not have a similar effect in Bombay, and we would support the proposal, especially as we have found occasion ourselves to complain of the inadequacy of punishments inflicted in regard to at least one class of municipal cases. We refer to cases of the importation of contraband and unsound meat, and we have no doubt the Commissioner is justified in his complaint that similar leniency is exercised towards other classes of offences. It is to be hoped, therefore, that the committee to whom the subject has been referred, will take a more sensible view of it, than did those gentlemen who considered a similar proposal in 1902. Their principal ground for objection was that a special magistrate, who was engaged constantly in trying municipal cases would not enjoy public confidence. However there is no need for one magistrate, to take all the municipal cases, as the Commissioner points out, and it would no doubt be better both for the convenience and the reputation of the Bench, if each Presidency Magistrate, with the possible exception of the Chief Magistrate, were to take the court, in which municipal cases were heard in rotation. The additional magistrate, when not in that court, would then take his seat in their places at the present courts in similar rotation. This suggestion should dispose of the first objection and the second one, of cost, also disappears, if there is any analogy between conditions in Bombay and Calcutta.

THE HON. the Raja of Mahmudabad on Monday, paid into the Bank of Bengal a subscription to the Moslem University Fund amounting to one lakh of rupees.

SANCTION has been given to the deputation of Dr. Bhandarkar, an employee of the Indian Charitable Hospital Fund, to Paris for a five months' course of study in advanced bacteriology.

MAHARAJA Sir Prodyot Coomar Tagore and Maharaja Jagindra Nath Roy of Natore left Calcutta for Dacca by Monday night's mail, their object being to organise the Dacca Michil procession in connection with the oriental pageant to be displayed before Their Majesties in Calcutta.

THE *Sind Gazette* learns that owing to ill-health resulting from the strain of his tour through Southern India, the Director-General of Commercial Intelligence has been compelled to cancel his August tour in Western India and his visit to Karachi from 23rd to 29th instant. Mr. Noel Paton will probably visit Karachi late in October.

THE WORLD OF SPORT.

(FROM OUR SPORTING CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, JULY 28.

INTERNATIONAL ATHLETICS.

The British Press Charity Sports at the Shepherd's Bush Stadium, on Saturday, was about the biggest ordinary meeting seen in London for many years. The programme teamed with interesting items, and the entry was entirely satisfactory. Level events at 75 and 150 yards were novelties, and both races produced fine struggles. The former served to show what a fast beginner W. A. Stewart is, the Tasmanian beating F. A. Reilley of Yale University (U. S. A.) and V. H. D'Arcy of London by a good yard in 8 secs. He did not run in the 150 yards, which D'Arcy won by half a yard from D.M. Jacobs in 15 secs. R.H. Opie of New Zealand being 1 1-2 yards further away, and Reilley no nearer than fifth.

Two fine middle-distances were accomplished by H. Gissing of New York, and J. L. Soutter of Aberdeen respectively. The former was scratch man in the 600 yards handicap and finished second to T.G. Green (21 yards) the American's time being 1 min. 13 1-5 secs. Experts considered the loose state of the track to be handicap of quite a second in a quarter, so that Gissing was running well. Soutter outclassed those of the entrants for the half mile level race, who turned out, and he came home with a 30 yards lead 1; min. 57 1-5 secs. He is improving every week, and providing he is fit and well for the next Olympiad, will be a worthy rival to Braun of Germany and America's best. The embro clergyman is an amateur of the right sort, as after winning his prize, he handed it back to the executive for the benefit of the King Edward Hospital Fund, to help which the sports were held.

Another fine event was the level two miles, in which H. L. Lawless of Harvard University (U.S.A.). C.H. Porter of Oxford (second in the recent International Inter 'Varsity two miles race), D. F. McNicol (one mile champion), A. G. Gill (ex-four miles champion) and many other notable runners went to the mark. The opening mile occupied 4 mins. 48 1-5 secs, and a little further on the race had resolved itself into a struggle between A. L. Treble of London Porter of Oxford and W. Cottrell of Yorkshire, and this is the order in which they finished, the time being 9 mins. 43 secs. The winner will do better yet, as he improves almost every time he turns out.

A GREAT CYCLIST.

England has reason to feel proud of W. J. Bailey of the London Polytechnic, who is a real world's champion. He was in great form at the joint meeting of the Putney, Paddington, and Polytechnic Clubs, held at Herne Hill on Saturday, when he won a couple of scratch races and also put up new figures in an attempt on record. Bailey led off by winning the half mile level race, for the Dunlop Cup, one of his rivals being E. W. Schneider of Australia, who finished third. Another good field opposed the champion in the five miles level race, but none of them had a chance when it came to the final effort. Bailey's attack on record was in a quarter mile flying start unpaced ride and his time of 24 4-5 secs. was two-fifths of a second better than his own previous best.

CHAMPIONSHIPS.

Another batch of National Cyclists' Union Championships were decided at Birmingham on Saturday. The 50 miles was the chief event, and this enabled C. B. Kingsbury of Portsmouth to confirm recent form. The field of 41 included C. A. Danny (the holder), H. B. Lee, the 100 miles champion, and De Camillis of France. The last named was out of it at 40 miles and the final struggle ended in Kingsbury, depriving Denny of his title, the Portsmouth man winning by 1 1-2 lengths in 2 hours 15 mins. 56 secs.

THE CHANNEL SWIM.

A good many attempts to swim the channel have been made since the late Capt. Mathew Webb accomplished the feat, but the task appears to be beyond the present day cracks. Webb got across at the first attempt, but in spite of the knowledge gained by the failures in recent years, all the great swimmers have been unsuccessful. The only way to explain this, is that the set of the current must have altered since Webb's day and made the task more difficult. We know several of the men, who failed, are faster swimmers than Webb was and they have also proved their ability to stay in the water for the period necessary. Holbein has twice got within a mile of the task and Jabez Wolffe is another, who has failed when nearly over. He made a splendid attempt a few days ago, starting from the French coast. The springing up of a strong south-westerly breeze retarded him greatly and upset calculations by extending the swim into four tides. Instead of reaching the Varne Buoy in seven hours, he occupied ten, and though he once got within 1,000 yards of the English coast, he was driven back into the channel by the off-setting tide and forced to give up. Wolffe was still warm and had plenty of reserve strength when he stopped, and he still hopes to get across.

CRICKET.

Tom Hayward has not been very prominent this season, but that he is still a great batsman, was shown, by score of 202 for Surrey against Derbyshire this week. He is not quite so nimble between the wickets as once on a time, and after making the first century, he appeared to take all sorts of risks, but his natural style is so perfect, that he really could do no wrong. So his innings progressed until he had passed the second hundred, when he lifted the ball into a fielder's hand. Hayward's innings was a masterful example of how to place the ball between the fieldsmen, his hits including no fewer than twenty six 4's. The example of the veteran stimulated two other Surrey batsmen to do big things, Major H. S. Bush and Goatley each passing the three figure mark by making 135 and 105 respectively. They went in for hard hitting, the amateur's best strokes including a 6, three 5's and seventeen 4's, whilst three 5's and twelve 4's figured among Goatley's hits.

YORKSHIRE STALWARTS.

Hirst and Rhodes are indeed the mainstays of the Yorkshire eleven. The former has again distinguished himself by scoring 1,000 runs and taking 100 wickets this season, and this makes the twelfth time he has done so, the last nine being successive. Hirst bowled with deadly effect against Sussex in the match at Leeds this week, sending six of the visitors back to the pavilion for a total of 34 runs. Rhodes evidently thought he had better do something to compare with the performance of his colleague and he proceeded to make light of the Sussex bowling, when he opened the innings for Yorkshire. He defied all the wiles of his rivals for three hours and a quarter, during which he scored 125 runs, his best strokes being a five and fourteen 4's.

It would seem strange not to have occasion to refer to F. R. Foster. The young Warwickshire captain ought certainly to become the acknowledged all-round champion, even if he is not entitled to it already. Against Gloucestershire, this week, he scored 56 runs in 45 mins. and hit three 6's and four 4's.

WITH THE BALL.

The crack batsmen have not had matters entirely their own way lately, though centuries have been numerous. Mead of Essex met with great success in the match against Surrey, four wickets falling to his share at a cost of 16 runs. Thompson of Northants also claimed 5 victims for 45 runs against Yorkshire, whilst the Notts v s Leicestershire match enabled Iremonger to take 6 wickets for 65 runs. More sensational bowling was seen in the Essex v s Lancashire match, as after Tremlin had taken one wicket at a cost of 62 runs, he captured five more for the addition of only two runs. Haigh's 7 wickets for 20 runs in the Yorks vs Sussex match was another big performance this week.

TOPICS OF THE HORSE WORLD

The nation owes a big debt of gratitude to Mr. G. Pinckard of Combo Court, Witley, who has just presented 450 acres of land, with stables, kennels and cottages to the value of £20,000. His object is to encourage the breeding of horses suitable for army remounts, and the estate will be run as an Army Remount Farm. England wants many such, and it is a sad reflection on patriotism of the present and past governments, that it is left to private enterprise to set the ball rolling.

The most noteworthy matter in connection with the Stewards Cup at Goodwood, this week, was the effect the alterations since last year have brought about. It used to be quite the thing to consider the chances of the horses drawing the inside positions as almost hopeless, the outside stations being the best. The alterations were made with a view to evening up things, and as animals drawing 3, 4, 9, and 2 finished as written, this appears to have been accomplished.

A good beginning in a sprint (6 furlongs) such as the Stewards Cup, which invariably draws a good field, is all-important and when little F. Winter jumped Braxted off in front, he made the best of his way home and scored for a popular owner in Sir T. Dewar. That owner's great favourite Forfarshire is the sire of Braxted, which made the victory particularly pleasing to the Whiskey King. It may be recalled that Winter is the jockey, who rode such a splendid race on Kilbroney in the St. Metropolitan, as after being left nearly 100 yds. at the start, he gradually recovered his ground and won.

Touching on jockeyship, the Richmond Stakes for two-year olds at Goodwood showed G. Stern of France and D. Maher of America to advantage. The former was specially engaged to ride Sweeper II, the American colt being a rare handful. Stern managed to keep his mount fairly straight, with the result that the Newmarket running with Melos was reversed, the latter being beaten a good length. Lord Rosebery's Charmian split the pair. Maher coming with a rare burst on the latter, and the struggle between the notable horsemen named was a capital one.

Maher and Wootton had another duel in the King George Stakes, when the latter on J. Joel's Spanish Prince gained a surprising head win over Mr S. Joel's Sunder. Another upset was seen in the Goodwood Plate, the winner, Mr Bonas's Ignition, having been bought for 440 guineas after winning a selling race at Kempton 10 weeks ago.

Cup Day is always a big one at Goodwood and the attendance was splendid. The field of five was not so "classy" as sometimes, but with four of the candidates supported at odds varying from 5 to 2 to 4 to 1, the race promised well. So it proved, and it was only in the last few strides, that Griggs got Kilbroney to the front, Lord St. Davids four year old winning by a head.

IN GENERAL.

Hackenschmidt is in strict training for his wrestling match with Frank Gotch at Chicago, in September, the Russian having the assistance of "Doc" Roller, who knows the methods of Gotch pretty well.

The South Herts Golf Club have made Harry Vardon a presentation (a clock and purse of money) in recognition of his fifth success in the open golf championship.

The 9th Lancers outclassed the 1st Life Guards in the final of the Subaltern's Cup tournament at Ranelagh, winning by twelve goals to nil.

Mervile Klein of Chicago and P. Gannon of England were left to contest the final of the Austrian amateur golf championship at Carlsbad, the United Service man defeating the American by 3 up and 2 to play.

The Royal Cinque Ports Regatta was concluded with a race from Dover to Boulogne, which resulted in Corona, carrying the pennant of Messrs. Paget and R. Hennessy to victory.

The Johnson vs. Wells match still leads to much discussion and it appears to be the general opinion that the Englishman would have been wiser to gain further experience before taking on the champion.

MR. BASU'S CIVIL MARRIAGE BILL AND PARSIS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The Parsi Law Association consulted Mr. J. P. Green of the Bombay Bar (afterwards elevated to the Bench) with reference to its memorial to the Viceregal Council on 21st January, 1865, on the now much vexed question of the marriage of a Parsi with a non-Parsi. I beg to give through your paper the following copy of the opinion of the learned Counsel. I wish I were in a position to give copy of the case or any written paper submitted by the Association to Mr. Green as that would make the opinion more intelligible:—

"The English Acts referred to, though they require that both the parties to a Quaker or English marriage should be Quakers or Jews, nowhere says that a Quaker or Jew cannot contract a valid marriage (as in the Established Church or before the Registrar) with a Christian and there is no doubt such marriage would be valid. So in Bombay if a European or Native Christian were to marry with a Parsi or Mahomedan with a Catholic priest or Christian Clergymen (though, of course, a Catholic priest would not perform any such ceremony except where both parties are believed to have been baptised) the marriage would, I apprehend, be perfectly valid and binding in the eye of the law. Now I do not think that the Legislative Council is likely to enact the law involving a principle perfectly at variance with the policy of English law as altogether to invalidate marriages between persons of different religions." Could anything be more explicit than Mr. Green's closing sentence? Looking to the division of Parsi opinion in two hostile lamps over Mr. Basu's Bill, I trust that the Trustees of the Parsi Charity Funds and Properties will do what they can to make the very voluminous record and papers of the old Parsi Law Association accessible to Parsi writers on either side of the Bill, the Trustees being as is well known the legal custodians of these papers. It is feared, and naturally so, that for want of proper guidance of the help of these papers, Parsi writers are likely to go off on wrong lines, and instead of contributing to the throwing of light on the question, they will only darken counsel. I may add here that the only handy accessible volume about Parsi Special Legislation is the one by Mr. Sorabji Bengali, but, valuable as it is in its own way, it does not contain many voluminous important papers, extending over volumes, which are a mine of information and which contain some fact, information and opinions from different gentlemen, priests, laymen, &c., on questions of religion, religious tenets, usage, custom, &c.

TOLERATION.

MULLAH'S VISIT TO KABUL.

Amir Curtails his Retinue.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, AUGUST 15.

In connection with the annual visit of the Mullah Powindah to Kabul with an exceptionally large number of tribesmen all anxious to share in the presents and the allowances which the Jirga usually gives to the Jargahs, it is stated, that while this big party was on its way, orders were received from Kabul that

TROOPS FIRE ON BRITISH RIOTERS.

NATIONAL RAILWAY STRIKE POSSIBLE.

Liverpool Offices of Shipping Federation Burnt.

[illegible]EY PORT UNDER MARTIAL LAW.

[illegible]HROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, AUGUST 14.

[illegible] shipowners have locked out the men [illegible] the Mersey owing to the refusal of some hundreds of them to resume work. From 20,000 to 30,000 men are involved.

The position in London is again most grave. Thousands of dockers have re-struck owing to the dismissal of certain strikers by the Port Authority.

A general strike is feared unless there is an immediate settlement. The men are also irritated at returning to work, while the strike is in progress in Liverpool.

Fourteen thousand factory girls have gone on strike at Bermondsey.

The railwaymen of Lancashire and Swansea have passed resolutions in favour of a national strike. Sections of the railwaymen in Scotland have also come out.

The seriousness of the position has depressed the markets.

More Troops for Liverpool.

In the House of Commons to-day, Mr. Ramsay MacDonald asked, with reference to the Liverpool rioting, whether there would be an inquiry into the conduct of the police. (Opposition protests).

Mr. Churchill replied that there was no improvement in the serious position. Factories and warehouses and even private houses had been attacked and the police assaulted. Consequently the Government was of opinion that the police should have military aid. (Opposition cheers.)

Further troops had received orders to proceed to Liverpool, making a total of a brigade of infantry and two regiments of cavalry.

The disorder, said Mr. Churchill, was begun by hooligans, but undoubtedly many strikers had joined the rioters.

The Home Secretary declared with emphasis that nothing would be done to weaken the authority of the police and that there would be no inquiry into any allegations until complete order had been restored.

Rioters Dispersed by Troops.

Sir Thomas Hughes, chairman of the Licensing Bench, was struck with a stone at Liverpool and injured on the head.

The strikers this afternoon attacked a bread-van and looted and wrecked a public-house. The police and soldiers from the Warwickshire Regiment dispersed them.

The seven thousand dockers have gone on strike at Birkenhead and to-day attacked the police. Reinforcements are being sent.

A detachment of the Yorkshire Regiment has arrived in Liverpool, and a general will shortly take command of the city.

The magistrates have issued a call for men between twenty and forty years of age to volunteer as special constables.

Five thousand cavalry and infantry are under orders at Aldershot for Liverpool.

Four hundred troops and one hundred police will arrive in Glasgow to-night.

Incendiarism at Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, AUGUST 15.

Several skirmishes between the police and the strikers occurred yesterday, and the military were requisitioned. The disturbances were quelled without much difficulty.

There have been several fires, which are believed to be the work of incendiaries. The most serious occurred at the offices of the Shipping Federation, which were gutted.

There was a renewal of disorders early this morning. The military were called out and it is reported that firing took place.

The papers are already discussing the prospects of a national railway strike. The managers of the principal railway companies met yesterday, and decided to fight rather than grant the men's demands, without arbitration under the Board of Trade conciliation scheme. The managers declare that if there are faults in the working of the scheme they can easily be remedied.

Port of London's Concession.

LONDON, AUGUST 15.

The Port of London has offered to reinstate the strikers, provided they agree to being placed on probation for six months.

The Liverpool Strike Committee has declared a strike of all transport workers, including the railway employees.

The papers devote pages to reporting the appearance or menace of unrest, throughout the country. It is impossible to cover all the details by cable, though it is significant that a number of railway employees, mostly in the goods departments, have come out in Manchester, Warrington and Sheffield.

Specimens of head-lines in the papers to-day, are "Incendiarism by Mob," "Army under Arms for Liverpool," "Anarchy," and "Ruin or Sanity." While the Conservatives blame "Limehouse" as having fermented the disorder, the *Daily News* laments what it calls the brutal tactics of the police in Liverpool.

Several Volleys Fired.

LONDON, AUGUST 15.

It appears that the troops were called out in Liverpool, because the mob were wrecking property. The mob, hiding in courts, threw bottles at the soldiers, injuring several. The soldiers charged with fixed bayonets, and afterwards fired several volleys.

The number of casualties is not known. Sixty-six persons were arrested. General Mackinnon was present.

LONDON, AUGUST 15.

The Glasgow strike has collapsed and a full tramway service is running.

PUNJAB CIVIL SERVANTS.

Grievances Raised in House of Commons.

LONDON, AUGUST 15.

Sir Henry Craik, yesterday, called the attention in the House of Commons to the grievances of the members of the Punjab Civil Service, suggesting that they had not been submitted to the Government of India by the Punjab Government.

Mr. Montagu pointed out that the Local Governments were bound to submit memorials, but if the memorials were important the Local Governments appended a reasoned statement of their views, which necessitated delay.

Sir Henry Craik suggested a telegraphic enquiry, whereupon Mr. Montagu pointed out the expense that the India Office would thereby incur and stated that the Government of India spent six thousand pounds sterling annually on telegrams, and that such a message would be a dangerous precedent and might imply a desire on the part of the British Government to interfere.

THE BAGHDAD RAILWAY.

Germany and Anglo-Turkish Negotiations.

BERLIN, AUGUST 15.

The well informed *Vossische Zeitung* declares that there cannot be any question of settlement in connection with the last section of the Baghdad Railway merely by Anglo-Turkish negotiations.

The proposals, says the paper, must be acceptable to the German interests concerned.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, AUGUST 15.

The *Pioneer's* London correspondent wires:—The *Daily Telegraph's* Constantinople correspondent transmits with all reserve a statement to the effect that it has been agreed, in principle that the Bagdad-Koweit section of the Bagdad Railway, together with the port of Koweit, shall be left to a group of British capitalists.

SALISBURY SHOOTING CASE.

Jury Disagree.

SALISBURY (RHODESIA), AUGUST 15.

The jury disagreed at the trial of the man, Lewis, who on May 22nd deliberately and in cold blood shot dead a native newsboy, whom he accused of impropriety towards his children.

The case will be re-tried to-day.

ANONYMOUS GIFT TO THE NATION.

£10,000 for Rifle-Range.

LONDON, AUGUST 15.

An anonymous donor, signing himself "An Englishman from Beyond the Seas," has offered Lord Haldane a sum of ten thousand pounds sterling as a gift to the nation for the purchase of a rifle-range near one of the thickly-populated districts in England.

The donor refers in emphatic terms to the growing impulse of the Empire towards united action for defence.

MOROCCAN AFFAIRS.

Franco-German Negotiations.

LONDON, AUGUST 15.

It is officially announced that M. Cambon, the French Ambassador in Berlin, and Herr von Kidderlen-Waechter, German Secretary for Foreign Affairs, conferred together in Berlin, yesterday, and that they are still seeking a basis for negotiation.

CRICKET.

Woolley and Mead to go to Australia.

LONDON, AUGUST 15.

Woolley of Kent, and Mead of Hampshire, have accepted invitations to proceed to Australia with the M. C. C. team. The latter makes his acceptance subject to the approval of the Hampshire authorities.

LONDON, AUGUST 15.

The weather was glorious to-day, for the opening of the match at Woodbrook, between the Indians and Woodbrook, Woodbrook went in first and made 273 runs. The Indians then made 53 runs for 3 wickets.

WRECK OF HE "FIFESHIRE"

Official Confirmation.

LONDON, AUGUST 15.

The "Fifeshire's" cargo is estimated at £150,000.

A TELEGRAM from the Port Officer at Aden to the Port Officer, Bombay, states that the steamer "Fifeshire" was wrecked on August 9 twenty miles south of Guardaful and two life-boats containing thirty passengers are missing. The telegram also contains a warning to mariners to be on the look out.

THERE WAS a serious outbreak of fire last week in Jalalabad Bazaar, about 50 shops and houses having been destroyed before the flames were finally extinguished mainly by the efforts of the troops of the local garrison.

HOME RULE CAMPAIGN.

Liberal Party Organisations.

ALL THE MINISTERS TO TAKE PART.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, AUGUST 15.

Liberal party organisation is being prepared to conduct a Home Rule campaign in the autumn.

The Master of Elibank has, for some time past, been getting ready to meet the active campaign which will be waged against Home Rule on the Unionist side. It has now been arranged that a Liberal organisation shall be placed under the auspices of Mr. Winston Churchill, the Master of Elibank, and Mr. Robert Harcourt.

A small executive committee will be formed of which Mr. Churchill will be Chairman, Mr. Harcourt, Honorary Secretary, and Mr. Wallace Carter, salaried Secretary.

There will also be a strong Literature Committee, of which Mr. J. M. Robertson will be the head. Some well-known Liberal publicists will be associated with this branch of the organisation.

It is expected that a separate organisation will be formed for Scotland, acting under the authority of the Scottish Whip, Mr. Gulland, to supplement the work of existing Home Rule organisations.

It is understood that organisations of the League of Young Liberals, of which Mr. Runciman is Chairman, and of the Young Scots Society, of which Mr. C. E. Price is Chairman, comprising a membership of 160,000, will also conduct an active campaign, in the country.

The Ulster Liberal Association are to send members of their body to speak in the United Kingdom.

All the members of the Ministry will take an active part in the campaign, which will begin in about five weeks' time, as well as Mr. Redmond, Mr. Dillon and other Nationalist members.

LATER.

The Unionists are actively working to prepare for an Anti-Home Rule Campaign in the autumn. The Unionist party organisation is joining forces for this purpose with the Union Defence League. Numerous meetings will be held, and speakers from Ulster will actively participate both in England and Scotland.

THE POTSDAM MEETING.

Persian and Bagdad Railway Questions Settled.

PARIS, AUGUST 15.

The *Matin* has reason to believe that the negotiations inaugurated after last year's Potsdam meeting are about to terminate in an agreement under which Germany will give up all interest in Persian politics in parts which are subject to Russian influence, and will refrain from seeking any concessions there. Russia will link up future Persian railways with the Bagdad line, and will leave the door open in Persia for German trade and industry. The paper adds that France and Britain have been informed that the agreement will not affect the triple entente.

LONDON, AUGUST 15.

This morning, a riot occurred in Great Homer Street, the dividing line between Nationalists and Orange men. The trouble commenced when two policemen attempted to arrest a man who was quarrelling with a woman. The neighbours sided with the man and seriously injured the police. They drove back the reserves, after which the Yorkshires were called out. The latter fired seven volleys over the heads of the crowd before they drove rioters' home. Six soldiers and nine civilians were taken to hospital.

PARLIAMENT.

Date of Autumn Session Announced.

LONDON, AUGUST 14.

In the House of Commons to-day, Mr. Lloyd George announced that the autumn session would commence on October 24th.

CHOLERA IN TURKEY.

Strong Preventive Measures.

CONSTANTINOPLE, AUGUST 15.

There were 116 cases of cholera and 64 deaths yesterday. The Municipality has decided to create hygienic committees in each district in the city to assist in combating the disease.

THE STOKES CONTROVERSY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, AUGUST 15.

The *Times* Teheran correspondent says there are signs of an amicable settlement of the question of Major Stokes's appointment, and that Russia is sympathetically considering the proposal of the Persian Government that the appointment shall be regarded as purely temporary and creating no precedent. Major Stokes's services are required entirely at the capital for training the gendarmerie to work in the provinces. Major Stokes has not yet signed the contract offered by Persia.

THE SONARANG OUTRAGE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 15.

To-day, in connection with the Sonarang outrage, in which three policemen were shot dead, the Noakhali Police yesterday searched the shop and house of one Raimohon at the village of Bibir Bazar. The police had a warrant of arrest against Lalit, the younger brother of Raimohon. Lalit, however, was not found in the house.

POONA GAYAN SAMAJ.

Annual Prize Distribution.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, AUGUST 15.

His Excellency Sir George Clarke presided this evening at the annual prize giving ceremony of the Poona Gayan Samaj, a society which has for its object the fostering and improvement of Indian music. The Samaj maintains three schools which are attached to native scholastic institutions in the city, as also a special class for advanced students, all of which are now recognised by the Government who give them an annual grant. There was a large gathering of European and native ladies and gentlemen present at the residence of Mr. Kabiram Bhav Manesram in the city, where the ceremony was held.

After a number of Hindu songs and instrumental pieces had been gone through, Mr. B. T. Sabasra Budhe, Honorary Secretary, read the annual report, in course of which he said:—As mentioned in the last report "out of the seven parts of "Sangistar," an authoritative reference book on the practice and science of music, five parts are already out and remaining two "Paladhyaya" and "Ragadhyaya" are in hand. In this connection we have to express our special thanks to the Government of the Central Provinces in the Educational Department for their liberal patronage to the publication. It is gratifying to mention that portions of a most ancient work on music, written by Bharat, are being translated into English by Dr. Prabhakar Ram Krishna Bhandarkar of the King Edward Hospital, Indore, with a view to give clear insight into Indian music, especially the Karnatic system, to the English knowing public in general and European lovers of music in particular. Mr. H. P. Krishnarao, B. A., of Mysore, is now editing a monthly Indian musical journal in English, giving translations of the Raga Vibodh and a few Karnatic songs in European staff notation. It gives us great pleasure to mention that interest in the study of Indian music is being roused amongst European gentlemen by treatises written by Captain C. R. Day, Captain N. A. Willard, Sir W. Jones and others. Their works give a fair bird's eye view of the subject and may be read with advantage by those who wish to have printed matter as their guide. Quite recently in April last, Mr. A. N. Fox-Strangways of Lust Creigh in Devonshire, after visiting Mysore, Travancore, Madras, Calcutta and Rajkot, made a stay here in Poona for more than a month to study the principles of Hindi Raga and Tala systems and our musicians afforded him information on the subject to the best of their abilities.

LADY CLARKE'S SPEECH.

At the conclusion of the report read by the Secretary, Poona Gyan Samaj, Her Excellency Lady Clarke gave away the prizes, after which she rose and said:—

"It has been a very great interest to me to come here to-day as I am glad of the opportunity to become better acquainted with Indian music and singing which as yet I have heard but little. The impression left from what I have listened to this afternoon, clearly shows how much can be done by good teaching and perseverance on the part of both masters and pupils. I am very pleased to have had the honour of handing over the prizes to the successful competitors, but before I leave I should like to draw a comparison between music and a high ideal of life. Music goes on certain rules and laws; man did not make these, but man has found them out and if they are not followed there is an end of his music instantly and only discord remains. In life the same effect takes place, if we do not follow the laws of God which have been set before us, discord must follow. Therefore let music be our type and pattern and in bringing it into your households, as His Excellency advocates, allow it to bring with it by following its example a life of melody, a life of harmony with each other, thus permitting music to be the happy harbinger of all that should be beautiful in the ideal home. If the Greeks laid a point of teaching their children music it was because they said it taught them not to be self-willed and fanciful but to see the beauty of order, the usefulness of rule and divineness of law, let Indians of to-day follow the example of the Greeks of old institutions such as this Gyan Samaj shows that a beginning has been made and I sincerely wish it all the success it deserves and that many such may be started all over India and meet with equal encouragement as testified by the numbers who come to be trained."

THE GOVERNOR'S SPEECH.

Some vocal and instrumental music followed after which Sir George Clarke addressed the assembly as follows:—

"Ladies and Gentlemen,—Some time has elapsed since I had the pleasure of presiding at the annual prize distribution of the Poona Gyan Samaj and since then I think that I have arrived at a better understanding of Indian music. I find in it more variety than it presented at first and I am able to recognise its complexity and precision. The main difference between the Eastern and Western musical taste is that we find most pleasure in the quality of tone and of harmony associated with the dramatic expression while you are powerfully attracted by rhythm. I do not know whether any philosopher has attempted to explain the causes of this difference. It may be that the Eastern taste is most ancient and that our Western taste has been changed and developed on different lines by mechanical art and invention applied to improvement of musical instruments. I suppose that the pipe made from the reed was attributed by the Greeks to God and Pan. Some of the drums used for marking rhythm were the earliest of instruments and they are still to be found in many parts of the world. The tone of the reed pipe is excessively thin but it lends itself to elaboration of musical scale and to what we regard as florid methods. The primitive drum was an instrument of percussion only and did not admit of the tuning necessary for the drums of modern orchestra. Peoples whose only instruments were pipe and toneless drum would develope in course of centuries the system of music based on limitations of these instruments and the result would be a great elaboration of rhythm and disregard of tone and harmony. To these earliest instruments a trumpet borrowed from horn was added as soon as men were able to work in metal, but in its crude form its notes would be harsh and strident and as it could not lend itself to rapid execution it would not tend to modify the musical system based on rhythm. Meanwhile vocal music would copy reed and become elaborate without developing in the direction of tone and harmony. In the West there is a craving for progress and improvement of all kinds which the East is only just beginning to feel. It followed therefore that in Europe musical instruments underwent remarkable changes increasing their volume of sound and gaining in tone, while becoming in themselves capable of rendering full harmonies. An advance from the reed pipe to the organ from which a single individual can draw great volumes of varied tone and can produce full chords must necessarily have exercised a tremendous effect on music as a whole, opening out great possibilities denied to instruments of the East. At the same time human voice would be trained to rival and to surpass the rich tones of instruments. Thus would arise a musical system of the West with aims and methods differing wholly from those of the system of India where instrument making made little progress. In my life-time I have seen improvements. The cornet I played on as a boy has long been extinct and was not comparable to the instrument of to-day; only the stringed instruments perfected by Italian masters in the 17th and 18th centuries seem capable of no advance.

In public tastes also I have been a rise of orchestral music to extraordinary popularity and this I believe is partly due to the great improvements in instruments, strings expected, which have opened fresh possibilities of colour and expression to composers. This is only a theory and there are evident flaws in it. Unfortunately we have no gramophone records of voices of the Greek singers which would enable us to test it from the vocal point of view. But at least it is true that the West worked and strove restlessly while the East dreamed and was satisfied with the musical system transmitted from generation to generation not recorded in literary form and not demanding new means of expressions.

The objects of this Gayan Samaj include the adopting of methods to reduce Indian music to writing and the report tells us that progress is being made in this direction. Indian music cannot advance till this has been done and that a monthly Indian musical journal should be published is a most hopeful sign. I am glad to know also that several Europeans are not studying the Indian music and throwing light on the very interesting and little known subject. The report of the Government Inspector is satisfactory and the increase in the number of boys who are receiving musical instruction shows its growing popularity. The Government are anxious to encourage the love of music as our annual grants show. We feel that it can be a source of pleasure to many helping to brighten and elevate dull lives and open out to them a whole world of sentiment, national as well as tinged with local tradition.

"I agree cordially with what my hon. colleague Mr. Chaubal said to you last year, Indian people are naturally musical, and this Samaj can do much not only to popularise the best forms of Indian music by teaching boys and girls to render it but also to raise the art to higher social level by bringing it into the household instead of leaving it to be the monopoly of the professional class. I note that the Inspector urges the Samaj not to make their teaching too theoretical and this seems to be a good advice. Theory should always be accompanied as far as possible by practice and the student will better understand the theory if he be taught to illustrate it with his voice or with instrument. I congratulate the Samaj on the interesting exhibition reflecting great credit on teachers which it has provided and especially on the Coronation ode in Marathi, the music of which it has succeeded in recording as a permanent form. I hope that the prize winners will be encouraged to to persevere in the most fascinating of arts and that they will be able to give much pleasure to their families and friends as the result of teaching they have received. When I leave India I shall like to think that my dear daughter's name will be remembered at these annual gatherings in connection with the prize which has been founded by those who realised her affection for Indian people and her devotion to music.

"My wife and I cordially wish success to the Gyan Samaj in its efforts to promote the study of music and to lay the foundations of a musical literature which will help to raise the art and to enable Indian music to advance towards higher ideals and to be capable of becoming worthy expression of soul of a dawning nation."

The Hon. Mr. Chaubal at the conclusion of His Excellency's remarks proposed a vote of thanks to Their Excellencies after which they were garlanded and left for Ganeshkhind.

INSEIN JAIL DISTURBANCE.

Prisoner Heavily Sentenced.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, AUGUST 15.

The Special Power Magistrate of Hanthawaddy to-day sentenced one Tha Pe to three years' rigorous imprisonment (to commence on the expiration of the long sentence he is at present undergoing in Insein) on a charge of assaulting J. Baxter, Chief Jailor, Insein Jail, with a piece of flat iron, on July 17, after Superintendent Captain Leslie had completed his inspection of prisoners that morning in company with Mr. Baxter.

INDO-PERSIAN TRADE ROUTES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, AUGUST 15.

It is stated that the disturbed state of South Eastern Persia has caused merchants of Yezd, where there is a large Parsi population, to turn to the Nushki route as probably the safest for caravans. Inquiries are said to have been made both at Quetta and Mashed as to whether goods can be sent via Nushki and Seistan. As Yezd is in the heart of Persia this is significant commentary on the difficulties which traders have now to meet in carrying on their business.

DEPORTED AFGHAN OUTLAWS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, AUGUST 15.

In accordance with the agreement between the Government of India and the Amir, a number of outlaws were deported from Khost by the Afghan Governor and sent to Kabul, the intention was to settle them upon lands either in Laghman or Afghan Turkistan. Some of the deportees, however, resented this drastic action and escaped on their way to Kabul; they are said to have sought refuge in Waziristan and Tirah.

FOREIGN POSTAL PARCELS.

Liability in Insured Fragile Articles.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUGUST 15,

The Director-General of the Post Offices of India has issued the following Press communique:—

Some misapprehension seems to exist as to the liability of the Post Office to pay compensation for damage sustained in transit by foreign postal parcels sent to India containing ladies' hats, dresses and other fragile articles which are obviously very liable to serious damage if crushed. Card-board or light wooden boxes do not afford sufficient protection against the ordinary risks to which the parcels must necessarily be exposed during the long journey by sea and land to their destination in India and no claim for compensation can be entertained by the Post-Office for damage suffered by such parcels, even when insured, unless they are packed so as to be reasonably safe against these risks. The public are therefore advised when ordering articles of this nature to impress upon the senders the necessity of packing them in really strong and substantial cases.

THE DELHI DURBAR.

Concessions to Army Officers.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUGUST 15.

The following concessions have, with effect from the February 25, 1911, been sanctioned by the Government of India to the military officers detailed for duty and visiting Delhi in connection with the preliminary arrangements for the Durbar and the manœuvres:—

(1) A special halting allowance, at the rates stated below, will be allowed during their stay in Delhi to military officers visiting Delhi on duty, in connection with the preliminary arrangements for the Durbar and the manœuvres, provided that they are not in receipt of any other special remuneration for such duties.

(2) The special allowance will be passed at the rate of 50 per cent. above the detentional lowance ordinarily admissible for each day of residence, until and including the 15th October, and at double the rate of detention allowance ordinarily admissible from the 16th October and up to and including the 25th December, subject to a maximum of Rs. 10 a day.

(3) Officers, to whom detention allowance is not ordinarily admissible, will be treated for the purpose of these orders as if they were entitled under the ordinary rule to a detention allowance of Rs. 5 a day.

(4) The increased allowance will not be admissible for days in respect of which travelling allowance is drawn. An officer, who is already entitled to detention allowance under paragraph 254, Army Regulations, India Volume I, can elect as regards the period subsequent to the date of this letter (31-7-11), whether he will continue to draw travelling allowance under that paragraph or will come under these special orders. But, in the latter case, no refunds in respect of the earlier period need be required.

(5) The ten days' limit on the period, for which detention allowances may be continuously drawn, will not be applicable.

(6) The allowance may not be drawn for the days on which the officer is actually a guest of the Government.

(7) All bills for this allowance should be endorsed "Royal Visit", Delhi Coronation Durbar, and presented to the Deputy Controller, Meerut, for adjustment.

(8). These orders do not apply to departmental officers with honorary rank and subordinates regarding whose remuneration special orders have been passed in each case. The grant of an increased detention allowance to officers on duty, in connection with the preparations for the Durbar and Manœuvres—including some officers who are not entitled to detention allowance at all under ordinary circumstances—is authorised with special reference to the extraordinary conditions prevailing at Delhi, and is not to be regarded as an authority for extending the scope of the detention allowance rules under ordinary circumstances.

CHOLERA AT DELHI.

Outbreak Diminishing.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DELHI, AUGUST 15.

Last Tuesday the death from cholera of Rangi Lall, a well-known auctioneer, who used to reside in Dharampura was reported. Since then about forty or fifty cases are said to have taken place, principally in the Dharampura quarters and in the Masjid Khajur and Chera Khana quarters. Enquiries made yesterday showed that the violence of the outbreak has greatly diminished and though one or two cases are still reported the prompt measures taken by the authorities will doubtless free the city from cholera, in the course of a few days. The cause of the cases is said to be bad water or bad milk.

MIDNAPORE DAMAGE SUIT.

Appeal to be Filed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 15.

Messrs. Orr, Dignam and Company, the solicitors for the defendants in the Midnapore Damage Suit, have given notice to the plaintiff's attorney in the above case that they have received instructions to file an appeal against the judgment of Mr. Justice Fletcher.

LATER.

The Government of Bengal have issued to-day a notification cancelling its previous orders published in the last week's "Calcutta Gazette" regarding the confirmations and postings of the defendants in the Midnapur Damage suit. To-day's notification cancels the orders confirming Mr. D. Weston in the second grade of Magistrates and Collectors, posting Deputy Superintendent Maulvi Mashurul Huq to Alipore and posting Inspector Lalmohan Guha as officiating Deputy Superintendent of the Police of Howrah.

ADVICE TO INDIAN STUDENTS.

Speech by Mr. Saroda Charan Mitter.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 15.

Mr. Saroda Charan Mitter, an ex-Judge of the Calcutta High Court, who is now at Chittagong, addressing a meeting of students, said that a student's life was a bundle of rights and obligations. The students had their obligations to their teachers, to their fellow-students, to the members of their family and to their country. He implored the students not to join in any political agitation and told them that it was their duty to aid in the social and moral regeneration of the country.

SARARCHAR POLITICAL DACOITY.

Enquiry Commences.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 15.

Mr. Nelson, Additional Magistrate of Mymensingh, yesterday, began an enquiry against Jotindra Kanta Lahiri, Kedarnath Guha and Upendrakishore Roy, the accused in the Sararchar Political Dacoity Case. Several witnesses were examined and the enquiry adjourned. The two other accused, Amulyacharan Roy and Mohini Mohon Roy, who were arrested on being named by Kedarnath Guha in his alleged confession, were discharged on Saturday.

HIS EXCELLENCY Naoum Pacha, Ambassador of the Ottoman Empire to France, dropped dead from his chair on July 29, while playing a game of cards in the Union Club, Paris.

BENGAL LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Calcutta Improvement Bill.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 15.

When the debate on the Calcutta Improvement Bill in the Bengal Legislative Council commenced the Hon'ble Mr. Duke, the Acting Lieutenant-Governor, said that, having regard to the differences of opinion on the subject of the payment of fifteen per cent. extra compensation in cases of land acquisition, they had consulted the Government of India as to those clauses and that the Government had replied that as the clauses were passed, they would reconsider the matter when they come to the settlement of the Bill. There were over five hundred amendments, a large number of which were however identical.

First a big controversy took place on the question of the number of trustees. The Select Committee recommended a board of eleven and Hon'ble Mr. B. N. Basu moved that there should be thirteen instead of eleven. In the Select Committee, they had the number of trustees increased from seven to eleven, but the benefit of that enhancement was neutralised by the fact that the Government had claimed and secured two of the four additional members. He did not appreciate the view that there should always be a direct preponderating vote for the Government, nor did he appreciate the view that the people of this country should always be treated as children who had yet to learn to walk.

Rai Sitanath Roy Bahadur supported Mr. Basu and said he could not accept the amendment. He said it was necessary that the body of the Trust should be nominated by the Government. This was not a local matter, the people of Calcutta would provide five-eighths of the money and would have a preponderance of interest and it was the duty of the Government to protect their interests. Besides, it was the duty of the Government to see that the money was spent by an impartial body free from the suspicion that they had any interest in Calcutta. The amendment was lost by nine votes and subsequent amendments, raising the number of trustees, were also rejected.

LATER.

The Hon'ble Mr. Deva Prasad Sarvadhicary then moved that a representative of the British Indian Association should be appointed on the Board of Trustees. The Association, he said, had a prior claim to any other body to be represented on the Trust. Mr. M. S. Das and the Maharajha of Burdwan supported the motion.

Mr. Bompas opposed the amendment and said that the work of the Trust would be highly technical and it would be unwise to increase the number of bodies represented on the Trust specially as such representatives would not be selected for their power to carry out the executive work of the Trust.

The amendment was lost.

Another amendment that a member of the landholder class be added to the Trust was also defeated.

Maulavi Syed Fakruddin moved that a representative of the Mahomedan community should be made a Trustee, but this amendment after being opposed by Mr. Bompas was rejected.

An attempt was then made by Mr. Apear and others to get an alteration in clauses setting out the methods of electing Corporation representatives. An amendment proposed that instead of one Corporation representative being elected by the nominated Commissioners they should be elected either by the Corporation as a body or by Ward Commissioners. This was defeated and the Council rose for the day.

One hundred amendments were disposed of, the greater number having been rejected.

ALLEGED EXTORTION OF CONFESSION.

Charge against Bengal Police.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 15.

At to-day's meeting of the Bengal Legislative Council, the Hon'ble Babu Broja Kishore Prasad asked a number of questions regarding the alleged extortion of a confession by the police from the accused in the recent Neora train-wrecking case. The Hon'ble Mr. Stevenson Moore, in reply, said that the attention of the Government had been drawn to the paragraph which appeared in a Behar newspaper headed "How the alleged confession was extorted."

The proceedings against Abdul Majid, the accused in a train-wrecking case, still being *sub judice* the Government was not prepared to make any statement in the matter.

SECUNDERABAD SHOOTING AFFRAY.

Victim Dies from his Wounds.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, AUGUST 15.

The herdsman, who is said to have been shot by Gunner Marshall, R. H. A., in the village shooting affray already reported, died yesterday afternoon, from loss of blood. In the opinion of the Coroner, who was asked by the Hyderabad City Magistrate, to take his dying declaration, the man's life might have been saved had he been removed to either the British Civil or Military hospital near by, instead of to the Police hospital, a distance of eight miles. In his dying declaration, the victim described how Marshall, with four Sikhs, was playing with his buffaloes, and, on being remonstrated with, the accused first hit him with a revolver and then shot him (the bullet penetrated the body just above the heart). He heard afterwards that his son, Lutchane, who went to seize Marshall, was also shot in the shoulder. The man Muthana, a Kabli, who was reported yesterday as being the first to have been struck, was beside him. He did not know whether he was hit, but he (the victim) was the first to receive a shot. After making this statement, the man died in the presence of the Coroner. The tragedy occurred just outside British territory, hence the unfortunate man was taken such a great distance before medical aid was available.

DROUGHT IN THE FRONTIER PROVINCES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, AUGUST 15.

Frontier correspondent reports that, owing to drought in tribal country, the maize crop has failed in Waziristan, parts of Swat Valley and other tracts. Districts most affected are those which have no irrigation from the hill streams.

SANCTION has been accorded to the withdrawal of the Indian Infantry Detachment from Bhoj. This will probably be carried out at an early date.

IMPERIAL DEFENCE.

Naval Agreement with Dominions.

More detailed information regarding the recently saluded naval agreement between Britain and the Dominions is published in the Australian papers. A Melbourne message of July 30th, says :—

The substance of the naval agreement between the Imperial Governmen: and the Dominions reached at the recent Imperial Conference has been made available for publication. The Acting Prime Minister (Mr. Hughes) issued to the Press to-night cable messages which had reached him.

The Secretary of State for the Colonies cabled to the Governor-General that the Admiralty had arranged for the simultaneous publication of the terms in Canada and Australia. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the Prime Minister of Canada, in view of the political situation in his Dominion, urged strongly that he should be permitted to publish the memorandum to his Parliament immediately, and the Colonial Office agreed to this course. Mr. Fisher has been informed of the action taken.

The following is the text of the cable message relating to the naval agreement :—

Memorandum of the Conference between the British Admiralty and the representatives of the dominions of Canada and Australia :—

(1.) The naval services and forces of the dominions of Canada and Australia will be exclusively under the control of their respective Governments.

(2.) The training and discipline of the naval forces of the dominions will be generally uniform with the training and discipline of the fleet of the United Kingdom, and by arrangement officers and men of the said forces will be interchangeable with those under the control of the British Admiralty.

(3.) The ships of each dominion's naval force will hoist on the stern the white ensign as the symbol of the authority of the Crown, and at the jackstaff the distinctive flag of the dominion.

(4.) The Canadian and Australian Governments will have their own naval stations as agreed on from time to time, the limits of the stations to be as described in the schedules (a) Canada and (b) Australia.

(5.) In the event of the Canadian or Australian Governments desiring to send ships to a part of the British Empire, outside of their own respective stations, they will notify the British Admiralty.

(6.) In the event of the Canadian or Australian Governments desiring to send ships to a foreign port, they will obtain the concurrence of the Imperial Government in order that the necessary arrangements with the Foreign Office may be made, as in the case of ships of the British fleet, in such time and manner as is usual between the British Admiralty and the Foreign Office.

(7.) While the ships of the dominions are at a foreign port, a report of their proceedings will be forwarded by the officer in command to the Commander-in-Chief on the station or to the British Admiralty. The officer in command of a dominion ship, so long as he remains in a foreign port, will obey any instructions he may receive from the government of the United Kingdom as to the conduct of any international matters that may arise, Dominion Government being informed.

(8.) The commanding officer of a dominion ship, having to put into a foreign port without previous arrangement on account of stress of weather, damage, or any unforeseen emergency, will report his arrival and reason for calling to the Commander-in-Chief of the station or to the Admiralty, and will obey, so long as he remains in a foreign port, any instructions he may receive from the Government of the United Kingdom as to his relations with the authorities, the Dominion Government being informed.

(9.) When a ship of the British Admiralty meets a ship of the dominions, the senior officer shall have the right of command in matters of ceremony or international intercourse, or when united action is agreed on, but will have no power to direct the movements of ships of the other service unless the ships are ordered to co-operate by mutual arrangement

(10.) In foreign ports the senior officer will take command, but not so as to interfere with the orders that the junior may have received from his own Government.

(11.) When a court-martial has to be ordered by a dominion and a sufficient number of officers are not available in a dominion service at the time, the British Admiralty, if requested, will make the necessary arrangements to enable a court to be formed. Provision will be made by order of His Majesty-in Council and by the dominion Government respectively to define the conditions under which officers of the different services are to sit on joint courts-martial.

(12.) The British Admiralty undertake to lend to the dominions during the period of their development of their services, under conditions to be agreed on, such flag officer and other officers and men as may be needed. In their selection preference will be given to officers and men coming from or connected with the dominion, but they should all be volunteers for the service.

(13.) The service of officers of the British fleet in the dominion naval force or of officers of the forces in the British fleet will count in all respects for promotion pay, retirement, etc., as service in their respective forces.

(14.) In order to determine all questions of seniority that may arise, the names of all officers will be shown in the navy list and their seniority determined by the dates of their commissions, which ever is the earlier, in the British, Canadian, or Australian services.

(15.) It is desirable in the interests of efficiency and co-operation, that arrangements should be made from time to time between the British Admiralty and the dominions for the ships of the dominions to take part in fleet exercises and for any other joint training considered necessary under the senior naval officer. While so employed the ships will be under the command of that officer, who would not, however, interfere in the internal economy of ships of another service further than absolutely necessary.

(16). In time of war when the naval service of a dominion or any part thereof has been put at the disposal of the Imperial Government by the dominion authorities, the ships will form an integral part of the British fleet and will remain under the Control of the British Admiralty during the continuance of the war.

(17.) The dominions having applied to their naval forces the King's Regulations and Admiralty instructions and the Naval Discipline Act, the British Admiralty and dominion Governments will communicate to each other any change which they propose to make in those regulations.

SCHEDULE A.

"The Canadian Atlantic station will include the waters north of 30deg. north latitude and west of the meridian of 40deg. west longitude. The Canadian Pacific station will include the waters north of 30deg. north latitude and east of the meridian of 180deg. long."

SCHEDULE B.

"The Australian naval station will include on the north from 95deg. east longitude by the parallel of 13deg. south latitude to 120deg. east longitude, thence north to 11deg. south latitude, thence to the boundary of Dutch New Guinea on the south coast in about longitude 141deg. east, thence along the coast of British New Guinea to the boundary with German New Guinea in latitude 8deg. south, thence east to 155deg. east longitude on the east by the meridian of 155deg. east longitude to 15deg. south latitude thence to 28deg south latitude on the meridian of 170deg. east longitude, thence south 32deg. south latitude, thence west to the meridian of 160deg. longitude, thence south to the Antarctic Circle on the west by the meridian of 95deg. east longitude."

London, July 31.

The "Times," commenting on the naval memorandum of agreement between Canada, Australia, and Britain in respect to their fleets, declares that it is a well-conceived and eminently practical solution of the difficult problem of bringing three naval forces into close organic relation.

A large collection of rare images, utensils, etc., of gold and various metals of the Buddhistic period from Tibet is being exhibited at the Scadashi Mela. There are altogether over thirty idols of different sizes and a large collection of various utensils of different metals used in the Buddhistic age.

A Frontier correspondent states that Sardar Mahomed Aziz Khan has been removed from the post of Governor of Jellalabad owing to the old age and his son Mahomed Aziz Khan has been appointed in his place.

SPORTING NEWS.

HARWOOD FOOTBALL LEAGUE.

R. Warwicks vs. Government Telegraphs.

In dull weather on Tuesday evening, on the Cooperage, Bombay, the Royal Warwickshire Regiment met the Government Telegraphs in a Harwood League fixture. Only a small assemblage of spectators was present to watch a game that was, as anticipated, one sided. Moore played a good game in goal for the signallers and the Warwicks' forwards, who were not playing up to their best form occasionally failed to score when chances were open to them.

The Warwicks attacked from the kick off and after pressing for some minutes Watson made a good attempt to score, but Moore saved. Just after this, however Winsper beat Moore with a shot in the corner of the net. The soldiers' forward line pressed strongly, but, although tested, time after time, Moore proved sound as a last line of defence. At last, Winsper, converted a good centre from Inskip, scoring a second time for his side. After some uninteresting exchanges Jarvis put in a shot from long range which went into the corner of the net. Just before half-time, Milne put in a good run for the Telegraphs, but could not pass the soldiers' backs. The ball returned to the Telegraphs' goal and Winsper scored again as the whistle announced the interval.

R. Warwicks .....4 goals.
Govt. Telegraphs ..... nil.

After the restart, the opening exchanges were even, but the Warwicks crept up and eventually Westall scored decisively. Almost immediately after, from a pass along the goal line the same player scored again. A clever run was made for the Telegraphs by Milne who finished by beating Smart somewhat easily. From the kick-off the Warwicks got away with the ball and Winsper put a seventh point to the credit of his side. A period of dull play followed, and once more Winsper scored with ease, Westall giving his side a ninth goal soon after and Winsper following this with a tenth point. The Telegraphs were now demoralised and Watson put in an eleventh goal towards the close of play. Score :—

R. Warwicks.....11 goals
Govt. Telegraphs.....1 goal

The teams were as follows:—

R. Warwicks:—Goal, Smart; backs, Baker and Bench; half-backs, Jarvis, Matthews and Brown, forwards, Parkes, Watson, Winsper, Westall and Inskip.

Government Telegraphs:—Goal, Moore; backs, Hewitt and Dyce half-backs, Westwood, Wollen and Devaz forwards, Thoy, Cooker, Green, Taylor and Milne.

Referee :—Sergt Bennett.

THE LEAGUE TABLE.

The teams now stand as follows in the League :—

	P.	W.	L.	D.	Goals. For	Agst.	Pts.
R. Warwicks	10	10	0	0	61	3	20
H. G. A.	10	7	2	1	36	14	15
Bombay Gymkhana	11	5	3	3	34	16	13
Bombay F. C.	10	3	4	3	19	15	9
Y. M. C. A.	11	4	7	0	18	25	8
Telegraphs	12	2	9	1	6	35	5
B. V. A.	10	1	7	2	2	48	4

POONA TURF NEWS.

Jockey and Riding Boy Warned.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, August 15.

P. Browne, jockey, was called upon for explaining his riding of Red Monk in the Novice Plate on saturday. After hearing evidence the Stewards expressed their dissatisfaction and severely warned him as to his future riding.

Syed bin Syed Jamal, riding boy, was reported by the starter for insolence at the post, the Stewards ordered his license to be revoked for one month and seriously cautioned him.

The Closed Meeting, Polo Scurries, has been altered from 4 furlongs to 3.

In the Steeple chase the horses start from the Mire and will finish on the new inside grass track.

RACING.

5th Extra Meeting.

POONA, August 15.

The following are the handicaps for the Poona fifth extra Meeting run on Thursday, August 17 :—

SUMMER PLATE.—above 5 furlongs :—Paul Pry, 9st 8lbs; Hoppner, 9st 7lbs; Lord Merv, 8st 12lbs; Chivalry, 8st 11lbs; Malmsey, 8st 8lbs; Ruby Tin, 8st 6lbs; Lord Carlyon, 8st 6lbs; Bonny Boy, 8st 5lbs; the Cellarer, 8st 5lbs; Croat, 8st 2lbs; and Metal Girl, 7st 2lbs.

MODERATE PLATE.—Distance, 1 1-2 miles :—Matiyala, 9st 10lbs; Hilarity, 9st 5lbs; Black Douglas, 9st 4lbs; Vancouver, 9st 3lbs; San Remo, 9st 3lbs; Oakton, 9st 2lbs; Red Cell, 8st 12lbs; Baum, 8st 12lbs; Bally Maclune, 8st 11lbs; Eva, 8st 10lbs; Sholto, 8st 9lbs.; Britannia, 8st 11b; Devereux, 7st 8lbs; and Bambino, 7st. Top weight not accepting weights to be raised 3lbs.

HADAPPAR PLATE—7 furlongs (division 1) —Lookman, 9st 12lbs; Abdul Malik, 9st 6lbs; Majesty, 9st 3lbs; Gafal, 9st; Jehangir, 8st 13lbs; Tachreet, 8st 12lbs; Ashroff 8st 11lbs; Meerjan, 8st 4lbs; Grey Falcon, 7st 13lbs; Young Majub, 7st 11lbs; Zinfandel, 7st 10lbs; Dumra, 7st 9lbs; Company, 7st 8lbs; Mezahim, 7st 6lbs; Saree, 7st 4lbs; and Solitare, 7st.

Division 2.—Steward, 9st 8lbs; Zoolphooker, 9st 3lbs; Chechan, 9st 1lb; Mudkoor, 9st; Zuffer Beg, 8st 9lbs; Director, 8st 8lbs; Woolwinder, 8st 5lbs; Lama, 8st 4lbs; Nasirdar, 8st 3lbs; Prime Minister, 8st 2lbs; Mudlool, 8st 1lb; Antia, 7st 13lbs; Zomat, 7st 12lbs; Mutkood, 7st 9lbs; Aden, 7lst 4lbs; and Sinclair, 7st. Top weight not accepting weights to be raised 4lbs.

HORSES LEFT IN.

Poona 5th Extra Meeting, Thursday 17th August, 1911. Horses left in after declaration of forfeit at 6 p.m on Tuesday the 15th August, 1911.

THE SUMMER PLATE, about 5 furlongs :—Hoppner 9st 7lbs, Lord Merv 8st 12lbs, Chivalry 8st 11lbs, Malmsey 8st 8lbs, Bonny Boy 8st 5lbs, the Cellarer 8st 5lbs, Croat 8st 2lbs, and Metal Girl 7st 2lbs.

THE MODERATE PLATE, one and a half miles :—Hilarity, 9st 5lbs, Black Douglas 9st 7lbs., Vancouver 9st 6lbs, San Remo 9st 6lbs, Oakton 9st 6lbs, Red Cell 9st 1lb, Sholto 8st 12lbs, Britannia 8st 4lbs, and Divereux 7st 11lbs. Top weight not having accepted, weights are raised 3lbs.

THE HADAPSAR PLATE, (Division one), 7 furlongs :—Lookman 9st 12lbs, Majesty 8st 3lbs Gafal 9st, Jehangir 8st 13lbs, Tachreet 9st 12lbs, Ashroff 8st 11lbs, Grey Falcon 7st 13lbs, Young Majub 7st 11lbs, Zinfandel 7st 10lbs, Dumra 7st 9lbs, and Solitaire 7st.

THE HADAPSAR PLATE.—(Division 2), 7 furlongs :—Steward 9st 2lbs; Zool-Phokar 9st 3lbs.; Mudkoor 9st.; Zuffar Beg 9st 8lbs; Director 8st 8lbs.; Woolwinder 8st 5lbs; Nasibdar 8st 3lbs Prime Minister 8st 2lbs; Mudlool 8 t 1lb; antica 7st 13lbs; Zomat 7st 12lbs; Mutzood 7st 11b; and Aden 7st 4lbs.

THE BEGINNER'S CHASE STEEPLE CHASE COURSE.—About 2 miles :—Sholto, Xerxes, War Cloud, Farewell, Better Luck, and Small Scotch.

THE KAB MEDIUM PLATE 1 1-4 miles :—Well Done, Barganza, Submit, Young Fakir, Grand Duke, Hoojai, Guinea Merchant, Dawood Beg, Burgomaster, Famous, Padsha, and Shawcutt.

THE SERVICE PLATE 7 furlongs :—Aden, Goodshot, Orion, Little King, Tofic Pasha and Dilerjung.

THE LILLIPUT NOVICE PLATE about 5 furlongs :—Cushmur, Zahaf, Young Skylark, Mishriff, Turkish General, Ordinary, Grill, Takte Jamshed, Dimshav, Khadraji, Flyer, Noomas late Sir Albert, Six Fifty Mexico, Artijad and Acount.

CRICKET.

NEW CENTURY vs. A. V. C.

A match was played between the New Century Cricket Club and the A. V. C. Club in which the New Century defeated the A. V. C. by 4 runs. Mr. Edekar (m) took 8 wickets for 16 runs only. The following is the score :—

NEW CENTURY.

B Krishnarao, b Power	...	1
S Dabholkar, c and b Lele	...	8
P Varde, run out	...	5
P Vasudev, b Power	...	0
R Pandit, b Lele	...	9
S Pitale, c and b Lele	...	3
L Kalke, c and b Power	...	18
S Rajpurkar, run out	...	0
Edekar (m), c and b Lele	...	0
Edekar (jo), not out	...	8
B Hajare, b Lele	...	0
Extras	...	6
Total	...	53

A. V. C. C.

Rege, b Edekar	...	0
Deorukhar, b Edekar	...	4
Kothare, st Edekar	...	0
Powar, b Edekar	...	7
Rege, c and b Pathare	...	22
Lele, c and b Edekar	...	7
Parulekar, c and b Edekar	...	0
Hawill, b Edekar	...	0
M Parulkar, b Edekar	...	5
Rajepurkar, b Pathare	...	0
Kulkarni, not out	...	0
Extras	...	4
Total	...	49

P. & O. S. N. COY vs. GOUD SARASWAT.

A match was played on Saturday at the Cross Maidan and resulted in an easy win for the P & O Co by 48 runs. R V Pass taking nine wickets for 13 runs. Scores :—

GOUD SARASWAT C. C.

Balji, b Pass	...	16
Dalvi, b Pass	...	4
Rangnekar, b Pai	...	0
Dalvi, b Pass	...	5
Narnikar, b Pass	...	0
Dewoolkar, b Pass	...	0
Rangnekar, b Pass	...	0
Sakardhande, c and b Pass	...	7
Wagle not out	...	0
Dewolkar, b Pass	...	0
Dadkar, b Pass	...	0
Extras	...	5
Total	...	37

P. & O. S. N. COY.

Shepherd, run out	...	6
D Pai, c and b	...	15
E Standage, b	...	39
M Kendall, b	...	1
E Janio, b	...	5
D Barnes, c and b	...	3
V Pass, c and b	...	0
De Souza, b	...	0
Joshi, b	...	0
Pereira, not out	...	4
Anan, c and b	...	0
Extras	...	7
Total	...	80

THOS. COOK & SON vs. SARASWAT UNION.

A match was played between Thos Cook & Son's C. C. and the Saraswat Union C. C. on Saturday and resulted in an easy win for Thos. Cook and Son by five wickets and 23 runs. The score was as follows :—

THOS. COOK & SON C. C.

Harvey	...	2
Vaidya	...	5
Wadke	...	9
Chandavarker	...	12
Shivrao	...	7
Chiramane, not out	...	18
Raghavesh, not out	...	8
Chalk, Shripad, Michael, Pathak	...	Did not bat
Extras	...	5
Total	...	66

SARASWAT UNION C. C.

S Sundar,	...	15
A Manjanathrao	...	1
Ramarao	...	2
Sadashiv N	...	0
Deorao Gangoli	...	11
Dhareshwar	...	1
Shivrao P not out	...	6
M Sundar	...	0
Nadkarni	...	2
Baerur	...	1
Raghunath	...	3
Extra	...	1
Total	...	48

MAHOMEDAN C. C. vs. SOCIAL C. C.

A cricket match played on Sunday between the Mahomedan Cricket Club and the Social Cricket Club on the Oval Maidan and resulted in a win for the Mahomedan C. C. by 56 runs.

THE SOCIAL C. C.

P D Bhatia, run out	...	14
M B M hta, b Ballooch	...	0
J T Bandookwala, b Shekhali	...	0
R M Doshi, c and b Shekhali	...	9
N L Bhatia, b Ballooch	...	0
A L Khokhani, c and b, Ballooch	...	0
J K Daphtary, b Shekhali	...	1
A J Khandvatir, b Shekhali	...	2
C M Vakil, b Shekhali	...	9
D V Desai, b Attar	...	1
G S Kotak, not out	...	0
Extras	...	8
Total	...	44

MAHOMEDAN C. C.

Shekhali, b R M Doshi	...	43
M A Attar, b R M Doshi	...	7
Shamsuddin, c and b A L Khokhani	...	2
M A Tyabji l b w	...	0
S A Hussein, b N L Bhatia	...	34
Abdulkadir, c and b A L Khokhani	...	3
Ismail Dervish, l b w	...	1
M G Shekhali, b R M Doshi	...	0
M A Nancery not out	...	4
Ballooch, c and b R M Doshi	...	0
Gandhi, c and b N L Bhatia	...	1
Extras	...	5
Total	...	100

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, August 15.

Lieutenant W. H. Lewis, No. 28 Company, selected R. G. A., has been for appointment to No. 5 Mountain Battery.

Major E. P. Barratt, 106th Pioneers, has been selected to succeed Major Boddam as Commandant of Changla Gali Branch School of Musketry.

The following officers have been posted to regiments in the Indian Army :—Lieut. Conder, Cheshire Regiment, posted to 10th Punjabis ; Lieut. Carter, Sussex Regiment, posted to 112th Infantry ; Lieut. Allargio, East Lancashire Regiment, posted to 14th Sikhs ; Lieut. Bacon, R. G. A., posted to 66th Punjabis ; Lieut, Dobbs, Shropshire Light Infantry, posted to 76th Punjabis ; Lieut. May, East Yorkshire Regiment, posted to 5th Infantry ; Lieut. Donovan, Royal Irish Regiment, posted to 24th Infantry ; Lieut. Holmes, Lincolnshire Regiment, posted to 107th Pioneers ; Lieut. Hume Wright, Cheshire Regiment, posted to 16th Rajputs ; Lieut. Dempster, Leicestershire Regiment, posted to 66th Punjabis ; Lieut. Fletcher, Leinster Regiment, posted to 97th Infantry ; Lieut. Brooke, R. F. A., posted to 15th Lancers ; Lieut. Mankelow, Berkshire Regiment, posted to 1st Battalion, 39th Garhwal Rifles.

The Secretary of State has approved of the Hon'ble Sir John Hewett, K. C. S. I., President of the Coronation Durbar Committee, resuming the office of Lieutenant Governor of the United Provinces after the conclusion of the Durbar ceremonies in January next for a period of six months.

THE WEATHER.

BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, August 15.

No information has been received from the stations in the Peninsula. Rainfall has been again nearly general in Lower Burma, Eastern Bengal and Assam and has increased further in Bengal. Local rain has fallen in the East of the United Provinces and of the Central Provinces. The principal amounts are :—Mergui and Tavoy, four inches ; Moulmein, three ; Rangoon and Tezpur, two; Gauhati, four; Silchar, Cheerapunji and Darjeeling, one and a half ; Saugor Island, three; Sambalpur, Ranchi, Hazaribagh and Darbhanga, one ; and Raipur three. The forecast shows some Westward extension of the rainfall in the United Provinces.

ANXIETY AT DELHI.

DELHI, August 15.

No rain has fallen yet. The situation is causing much anxiety. The crop reports of the Delhi District are not hopeful.

THE WEATHER AT SEA.

The German East Africa Line steamer "City of Calcutta," 4,886 tons, Captain Jas. R. Roe, which arrived in harbour on Monday, reports having experienced strong monsoon, but very little rain. The steamer "Gothic," Captain F. R, Watterworth, which arrived in harbour yesterday, from Calcutta, met with heavy weather in Bay of Bengal and moderate elsewhere.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 15TH AUGUST.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 15th August, 1911, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear. The air is drier than usual. Temperature is in excess.

The United Provinces.—Allahabad records 0·12" inches of rain. Skies are lightly clouded in the extreme north-western districts and moderately to heavily clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in defect, except at Allahabad. Temperature is in excess.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are moderately clouded in lower Sind and clear or lightly clouded elsewhere. The air is drier than usual and day temperature is in excess in Rajputana.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Surat reports 0·65" of rain. Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity is in defect. Maximum temperature is in excess at Neemuch, Deesa and Ahmedabad.

The Central Provinces.—Fairly general rain has fallen in the southern half of the division; Akola has had 0·19", Nagpur 0·10", Chanda 0·27" and Raipur 3·40". Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. The air is drier than usual in the north-eastern districts. Day temperature is in excess at Saugor and Hoshangabad and in defect at Raipur and Chanda.

The Konkan.—Nearly general rain has fallen; Bombay has had 0·34", Ratnagiri 0·59", Mormugao 0.12" and Karwar 0·75." Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity and temperature are normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Fairly general light to moderate rain has fallen; Malegaon and Poona have had 0·10" each, Ahmednagar 0·11", Belgaum 0·38", Nizamabad 0.11" and Hyderabad 0·53." Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. The moisture in the air is either equal to or above the average. Day temperature is in slight defect at some stations.

General Remarks.—Rainfall has been nearly general in the Konkan, but insignificant in Malabar. In Gujarat and Kathiawar, Surat has again been the only station reporting rainfall of importance. There has been an increase in the area of rainfall in the southern half of the Central Provinces; Raipur again reports a heavy fall. Fairly general rain has fallen in the Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad, but Belgaum and Hyderabad are the only stations reporting rainfall above 1·4 inch.

Nearly general rain is likely on the west coast of the Peninsula and some showers in the Central Provinces, the Deccan, Gujarat, Kathiawar and possibly the United Provinces.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla made Fort Colaba	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts
Previously registered	43·43	45·52	46·33	38·40
Tuesday, 15th August	0·82	0·65	0·01	0·34
Total	44·25	46·17	46·39	39·24
Same date last year	56·40	49·61	50·68	44·05

MESSRS. KEMP & Co., Ltd., CUMBALLA HILL, Aug. 15.

Rainfall up to 8 a. m.

Station.	Last 24 hours.	Total to date.	Corpdg. Total 1909.	Corpdg. Total 1910.
Cumballa Hill.	In. cts. 0·78	In. cts. 38·97	In. cts. 62·7	In cts. 52·64

Appended is Tuesday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India based on observation taken at 8 o'clock.

Names of Stations.	Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 1st Aug. to date.
Bombay (14th)	90·8	79·0	...	0·00
Alibag	90·3	80·8	...	0·00
Muskat (14th)	90·3	83·6	...	0·00
Aden	...	...	...	...
Rawalpindi	106·4	83·9	...	3·51
Lahore	105·4	80·7	...	3·24
Sibsa	103·8	85·5	...	2·22
Ambala	105·5	85·9	...	6·90
Delhi	105·5	84·3	...	5·26
Agra	105·0	88·0	...	1·94
Mainpuri	102·3	83·1	...	3·95
Jhansi	100·5	83·5	...	4·45
Cawnpore	98·7	82·4	...	4·07
Allahabad	98·6	77·0	0·12	5·64
Jacobabad	107·1	79·3	...	0·05
Karachi	82·5	76·0	0·01	0·05
Ajmer	95·4	78·2	...	1·95
Jaipur	100·7	77·6	...	7·51
Kotah	99·6	80·6	...	7·74
Abu	87·5	77·0	...	1·57
Dwarka	82·3	77·2	...	1·59
Veraval	86·1	78·3	0·07	4·57
Rajkot	92·1	?	...	3·01
Jamnagar Para	94·0	77·5	...	4·26
Surat	88·4	74·8	0·65	13·53
Ahmedabad	96·1	74·7	...	7·17
Deesa	103·3	76·4	...	8·05
Neemuch	95·4	73·0	...	9·26
Indore	94·1	70·6	...	10·07
Jubbulpore	86·8	73·3	0·06	2·70
Deogor	88·6	72·6	...	17·82
Hoshangabad	89·1	73·4	...	15·18
Khandwa	94·7	73·1	...	7·37
Akola	91·7	72·1	0·19	15·23
Amraoti	88·3	71·8	0·03	14·63
Nagpur	86·1	74·8	0·10	30·57
Chanda	77·5	73·0	0·27	28·55
Saigon	78·7	71·6	3·40	36·39
Bombay	84·6	76·4	0·34	89·24
Ratnagiri	84·3	74·4	0·59	50·25
Mormugao	83·0	72·7	0·12	57·34
Karwar	78·8	75·5	0·75	57·21
Malangaon	82·9	70·1	0·10	15·93
Ahmednagar	92·1	68·0	0·11	14·40
Poona	81·0	69·3	0·10	10·65
Sholapur	88·8	70·4	0·04	11·86
Satara	82·7	69·8	0·02	7·91
Belgaum	74·8	65·5	0·38	24·47
Aurangabad	84·2	68·2	0·02	16·78
Jalna	78·9	70·7	0·11	19·85
Hyderabad	86·8	70·2	0·53	14·94
Mangalore	85·8	70·8	0·06	70·62
Calicut	83·8	73·6	0·10	64·91
Cochin	86·7	78·7	...	56·20
Colombo	88·0	76·5	...	8·60
Masulipatam	93·8	78·2	...	11·58
Bellary	85·0	73·8	...	1·33
Cuddapah	96·2	75·6	...	6·21
Madras	100·0	78·0	0·06	2·82
Bangalore	83·3	61·8	...	8·41
Coimbatore	85·9	67·8	...	10·09
Trichinopoly	99·6	76·8	...	1·31
Negapatam	98·5	77·5	...	3·08

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

"NERVES."

A Royal Physician's Remarkable Statement.

"I feel nervous—all on end—as if something were going to happen."

How often does one hear these words, or something very like them, for a sensation of nervousness is one of the commonest troubles of modern times.

While the body's own wonderful remedial power would undoubtedly rectify this condition if the cause were known, few people are able to discover this cause, or to give the necessary care and attention to eliminate it. The result is that they get worse instead of better.

Happily, for such people there is a perfectly simple, healthy and lasting means of overcoming and banishing these nervous symptoms which may take on an infinite variety of forms. This is Sanatogen, the great revitalising tonic-food which has received the written endorsement of over twelve thousand doctors, including ten physicians to crowned heads of Europe. Sanatogen contains organic phosphorus in exactly that form which it exists in the brain and nervous system. The result is that the phosphorus which is always deficient in these nervous conditions is immediately absorbed and assimilated by the nervous system which, at once, begins to act in a perfectly normal manner.

If, on the other hand, these nervous conditions are ignored they may, in time, lead to Neurasthenia with all the misery and morbid despair that term implies.

Dr. E. Persichetti, Physician to H. M. the Queen Mother of Italy, writes:—"I have used Sanatogen in several cases of Neurasthenia, with the result that in every case the nervous symptoms were greatly diminished. I am convinced that Sanatogen is a valuable food-tonic to restore lost strength."

Sanatogen may be obtained of all Chemists and Bazaars.

CROP FORECASTS.

The first forecast of the cotton crop for 1911 in the United Provinces shows that, in canal irrigated districts, sowings of cotton began about the usual time in May with the help of irrigation and the area, thus sown up to the end of June 1911, was 54 per cent. above that of 1910, being 213,994 acres, compared with 138,493 acres in the previous year. In these tracts germination was good and prospects of the cotton crop are fair. Away from the canal, sowings commenced about the middle of July when general rain was received. The rain, however, did not last, and sowings had to be suspended. A very large decrease in the area under the cotton crop is consequently reported to have taken place; the estimates received, put the decrease at from 25 to 75 per cent. The rain which fell after the close of July has improved prospects somewhat, but it has not yet extended to the main cotton tract. In tracts not protected by canal prospects entirely depend upon rain, which is urgently needed.

The preliminary forecast of the sugar-cane crop of Eastern Bengal and Assam, 1911-1912, states that in most parts of Eastern Bengal sugar cane is planted in the latter half of the cold weather. This year owing to the absence of showers at that time the shoots did not make a good start. In the Assam Valley and a few other parts of the province, where planting is deferred till April or May, the copious rain that then fell was very opportune. The subsequent floods do not appear to have damaged any cane crops, but borers have done some injury.

The area planted is returned by District Officers as 177,800 acres or 3,400 less than last year, the decrease being most marked in Goalpara, Lakhimpur and Rajshahi. There is little cause to regret that in the Assam Valley nomadic Nepalis are taking up less land with sugar cane. In Eastern Bengal the cause of the steady decline in cane cultivation is simply that other crops are found to give better returns for the capital and labour employed.

District Officers estimate the probable outturn per acre as 89 per cent. Since the crop as a whole has made good growth, there is no apparent reason to anticipate that the average yield will be at all below normal; but at this early period of the season it will be wise to err on the side of a conservative estimate.

ASSAM COTTON.

First forecast of the Cotton Crop of Eastern Bengal and Assam, 1911-1912.

[Note.—On the average of the five years ending 1909-1910, the area under cotton crop in Eastern Bengal and Assam represents some 0·4 per cent. of the total area under cotton in India].

Owing to an almost unbroken succession of showery days ever since the biginning of April, sowings of cotton were generally a little earlier than usual and the area sown in estimated at 101,300 acres, being 2,300 acres more than the revised estimate for last year.

Some damage has been done in Hill Tippera and the Garo Hills by excessive rain but, on the whole, the crop is in good conditon, especially in the Chittagong Hill Tracts. The present prospect is an outturn in excess of the normal.

DEGRADING THE KING'S UNIFORM.

At Sheerness Police Court, on July 25, Charles Ellis, an elderly man in the undress uniform of a Royal Marine Artillery bandsman, with a medal and several war ribbons on his tunic, was charged with wearing the King's uniform in a manner likely to bring contempt on His Majesty's forces. The prisoner represented himself as being deaf and dumb, but the police informed the Court that he was an impostor. The stipendiary magistrate fined the prisoner 5l., with the alternative of two months' imprisonment and said the public should know that the prisoner was an impastor and had been several times convicted.

EX-INSPECTOR SYME.

Judgment affirming the conviction and dismissing the appeal of ex-Inspector John Syme was delivered on July 24, by the Court of Criminal Appeal, consisting of the Lord Chief Justice and Justices Pickford and Avory, in the appeal by ex-InspectorJohn Syme from a conviction and sentence of six months in the second division, at the Old Bailey, for sending letters to Mr. Ramsay Macdonald, M. P., in which it was alleged he threatened to murder Sub-Divisional Inspector Reed, of the Metropolitan Police. Delivering the judgment of the Court, the Lord Chief Justice said the appeal would be dismissed, and the conviction be affirmed. The Court was of opinion that the finding of the jury did amount to the fact that the letter contained a threat to murder, although they also found that it was not prisoner's intention to commit murder, but was merely written to further his own ends. They were also of opinion that the Judge was right in finding that the letter was malicious, and therefore, by holding that the findings of the jury amounted to a verdict of guilty, the Judge had not misdirected himself.

The proposal for the addition of supernumeraries to provide for leave vacancies in the Indian Agricultural Service and for the creation of appointments on pay exceeding Rs 400 in the Provincial Service has been sanctioned.

The sanction of the Secretary of State has been received to the creation of a new Commissioner's Division in the United Provinces, comprising of the districts of Jhansi, Jalaun, Hamirjur and Banda. In connection with this change the districts of Etawah and Jarukhabad will be transferred from the Agra to the Allahabad Division and the Aligarh District from the Meerut to the Agra Division.

Mr. England, Manager of the Burma Motor and Engineering Company, Rangoon, who has been for the past few months at home as a pupil of Mr. G. White, the English aviator, will return in Rangoon, in September, bringing with him a Farman aeroplane, the latest model for exhibition.

BY THE WAY.

THE AIR-OMNIBUS.

It has been left to a Russian aviator to start the first aero

THE LADIES' CORNER.

THE END OF THE LONDON SEASON.

The end of the season, which is now so close at hand, says a lady correspondent writing in mail week, marks the termination of a period of social activity that has been without parallel for years past. Even at this late hour a good many parties are taking place in town, for there are still numerous people who are trying to cram in all the entertaining possible before the time comes to make a move to Goodwood and to Cowes. The latter fixture gives promise of being extended for double its ordinary length this year, as so much interest is being displayed in the forthcoming Festival of European yacht racing, which holds its first meeting in the Solent directly after Cowes week and which will prove highly attractive to yachtsmen of all nationalities.

THE VOGUE FOR FRENCH PLACES.

The many French places are a source of great attraction this year. One hears of more and more people who are flocking to Le Touquet, to Dieppe Etretat, Trouville, Dinard, or the various other well-known places all along the French coast, which are made so infinitely more attractive to visitors than such resorts at home. For there is no denying the fact that as a nation the French understand the spirit of holiday-making very much better than the English do. Those who know their way about abroad all declare that the cost of a holiday across the Channel is no more expensive than one nearer home; for, in spite of the increased price of travel, living is far cheaper and amusements do not cost anything like so much. At all the popular places all along the French coast one invariably finds a good casino where daily entertainments are organized at popular prices or where an excellent orchestra is to be heard playing throughout the day; while balls theatrical performances, concerts, etc., and a more or less mild form of gambling at petits chevaux proves an undoubted attraction to numerous visitors. At these places excellent bathing is always a great feature—the arrangement for which are infinitely better organized than at the majority of English seaside resorts.

THE NEWEST COIFFURE.

Go where one will nowadays, one cannot help but be conscious of a distinct change, that is all for the better, which is affecting the up-to-date coiffure. Far less artificial hair is being used than was seen even a few months ago, and a more natural and younger-looking style of dressing the hair is now universal. One notices a return of the "straight fringe" only slightly curled that was fashionable some years ago. Once more it is the fashion to show the shape of the head and to discard the use of unsightly pads of all description. The hair in front and at the sides is simply rolled back in soft, natural-looking waves, while at the back it is dressed rather high in a knot of Psyche curls that are held in place by large tortoiseshell hairpins that are decorated with a design of diamonds for evening wear. The short ends at the back of the hair are kept tidy by the use of a very big plain slide that shows a perfect piece of light or dark tortoiseshell placed immediately below the dressing—a fashion which makes hairdressing comparatively easy and one that is admirably adapted for holiday wear, and which proves vastly becoming to the majority of women.

ARTISTIC BIJOUTERIE.

Another fad connected with dress for the holidays this season is the use of semi-precious and enamelled jewellery in place of the more costly and valuable kind. Nowadays it is becoming more and more commen for the ultra smart woman who travels abroad (especially in Italy), and who does not care to risk losing her jewels even if they are insured, either to have her own ornaments copied, or else to indulge in the by no means expensive luxury of a complete set of "travelling jewellery," which relieves her mind of all care and responsibility. Such ornaments take the form of trinkets of every sort and description made of semi-precious stones set in lovely enamel settings that harmonise with various costumes. These ornaments, which are far nicer than imitation jewels, to be bought quite cheaply, and they are counted far more up-to-date for wear with summer frocks than really valuable gems.

SOME NEW JEWELS.

Some of the effects are quite beautiful. Amongst other dainty novelties are the new pearl braid stoles or necklaces worn hanging loosely round the neck and supporting an enamelled plaque in front. This is as popular a form of necklace as the new collar supports made of velvet and ornamented with a square buckle set with semi-precious stones in front; other velvet collars show a festoon chain effect supporting marquise-shaped amethysts or pear-shaped pearls, while yet another variety have gold slides which show tiny baskets of pearls hanging inside, while beautiful necklaces, pendants, rings, bracelets, and earrings are to be had in topaz, chrysoprase, calcedon, garnets, rose-quartz crystal, etc., that are charmingly effective. Another novelty for summer wear are plaque pendants which show tiny watches set in an enamelled back and supported by an artistic enamelled link chain.

TABLE ACCESSORIES.

Cut glass and crystal are immensely popular this season for table decorations. Not only does one notice a return of heavy diamond-cut wine glasses and finger-bowls which are very costly, but one finds several new ideas for the decoration of dinner tables a la mode. Glass butter knives are a decided novelty, as are also jam and mustard spoons made of the same substance. The old style salt-cellars made a glass with no silver ornamentation has also returned to general use, while those who cannot afford the heavy, expensive variety of cut-glass will hail with delight some wonderful reproductions of old Roman glass in the form of vases, etc., of sea green colour, which are decorated with palest blue rings and seals. These ornaments, which are to be seen on a good many tables this season, are a reproduction of some rare specimens of old Roman glass from the Basle Museum.

THE NEW ROSE.

This Roman glass lends itself to very effective floral decoration, for it is to be had in all manner of quaint goblets and vases that are well adapted to the arrangement of roses and other long-stemmed flowers. Just now there is a furore for decorating tables with the wonderful new Juliet rose, which shows petals that are a rich red on one side and a deep gold on the other. The effect is quite wonderful, and many florists who use the new flower are reintroducing the method of decorating tea-buffets and dinner tables by doing away with vases altogether, and making each rose stand upright of its own accord in groups upon the tablecloth. This form of decoration shows each bloom off to the greatest perfection, and is achieved by the use of steel pins concealed in the stems, which gives the appearance that the flowers are growing without any visible support.

FANCIES IN FANS.

The heat wave has been responsible for the universal use of dainty little paper and hand-painted parchment fans, which are small enough to shut up or pack away into a vanity-bag. These are carried by every other woman one meets, and some of the paper ones are veritable works of art, being reproductions of beautiful and historic fans belonging to famous collections. A fad of the moment is to have a monogram or a cipher of one's name or one's own handwriting made in gold or silver-gilt, and to affix one to the outside stick of every fan one possesses—so imparting a dainty individuality to one's collection of summer fans, which soon assume big proportions if one follows the latest idea of having a separate fan to wear with every toilette.

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BOOKS AND BOOKMEN.

HOLYROOD'S LITERARY INTEREST.

Holyrood Palace, Edinburgh, and its immediate surroundings, which recently regained somewhat of their former splendour, have a literary as well as an historical interest. Before imprisonment for debt was abolished in Scotland, the neighbourhood of Holyrood constituted a sanctuary within whose precincts the debtor was safe from the clutches of his creditors. In 1827 Sir Walter Scott, then tortured by certain Jewish bill-brokers, actually made arrangements for taking refuge within the sanctuary; but, happily, the necessity for this extreme step on his part was obviated. About ten years later De Quincey actually took the step contemplated by Scott, and spent some time in "lodgings in the Abbey," going out on Sundays to see his friends.

SIR GEORGE TREVELYAN AS AN AUTHOR.

Sir George Trevelyan, who celebrated his seventy-third birthday recently, is sometimes regarded as the author of one book. An author might indeed be content to rest his fame on such a work as that with which Sir George's name is always associated—the Life of Macaulay, which is one of the few model biographies in the English language. But it is quite a mistake to suppose that Sir George Trevelyan has done nothing more than write this particular work. His shorter writings, collected a few years ago, under the title of "Interludes in Prose and Verse," show him to be a master in various departments of literature; while his "Early History of Charles James Fox" and his excellent work on the American Revolution attest his skill and judgment as an historical writer.

EDUCATIONAL WORKS AT LOW PRICES.

The London County Council has been at variance with the booksellers owing to the practice of selling educational works to students in the evening classes at prices below those at which the volumes are published. The Education Committee has given way to the representatives of the trade, and decided to charge full retail prices in future.

GARDEN, FIELD AND WOODLAND.

Mr. Murray will shortly publish "Gravetye Manor: or Twenty Years' Work Round and Old Manor House." It tells the story of much work done in garden, field, and woodland for many years past, during which the owner, Mr. William Robinson, the author of "The English Flower Garden," has been at work. It is illustrated by fine wood engravings and collotypes with etched plate, and is likely to prove a treasure to all who are interested in the subject.

NOVELIST AND ARCHÆOLOGIST.

By the death of Maurice Maindron France has lost a gifted novel writer, and an accomplished archæologist. In France as in England the historical novel has for some time had a dwindling public, but a few years ago, when Maindron wrote his "Saint-Cendre" and his "Blancador l'Avantageux," there were momentary signs of its revival. Maindron painted the minutiæ of French life in the sixteenth century with extraordinary fidelity, but it has been well said of him that he never permitted the literary artist to yield to the archæologist. He was married to one of the accomplished daughters of the poet Heredia, another of whom is the wife of the Academician Henri de Regnier.

MODERN ENGLISH POETRY.

Mr. A. A. Jack, occupant of the Chair of English Literature at Queen's College, London, has passed the final proofs of a new book, "Prose and Poetry: being Essays on Modern English Poetry." The modernity of the poets as well as the character of the volume can be gathered from some of the "essays": for example—"Gray" (social or prose poetry), Burns (natural or spontaneous basic poetry), "Wordsworth" (basic or elemental poetry), "Byron" rhetorical poetry), and "Meredith" (intellectual poetry.)

"SARAH TYTLER."

Thirty odd years ago there was hardly any literary pseudonym better known than that of "Sarah Tytler." Its owner, Miss Henrietta Keddie, is enjoying a green old age at Clifton, and has of late been occupying some of her leisure in writing a volume of "recollections." Sarah Tytler's first book made its appearance over fifty years ago; she contributed to both "Good Words" and the "Sunday Magazine," when these monthlies were conducted respectively by Drs. Norman Macleod and Thomas Guthrie; her pen was busy for four decades; and now, in her eighty-fifth year, she is recalling the distinguished men and women whom she has known or been associated with. "Three Generations of a Middle-Class Scottish Family" will be the leading title of the book.

THACKERAY'S CANDIDATURE FOR OXFORD.

With reference to Thackeray's candidature for Oxford, and his defeat by Cardwell in 1857, the day after his defeat he gave a lecture in St. Martin's Hall, and began in the following characteristic way: Drawing himself up to his full height (he was a tall man), and with expanded chest, he said: "Walking yesterday in the streets of an ancient and venerable city!" He could say no more, for the rest of the sentence was lost in the burst of laughter and cheers which followed. Indeed, no conclusion was needed—the outburst of applause appropriately finished the sentence. The affected mystery as to the identity of the "ancient and venerable city," was at once recognised as an admirable specimen of Thackeray's usual homage—sometimes mocked, sometimes sincere—sometimes a little of each, to great persons or great institutions.

VERSE ANTHOLOGIES.

Quite recently there were added to the Engligh anthologies of verse two separate volumes of poetry by exclusively Scottish bards, and also an anthology of Irish verse. Not long hence the "four nations" will be represented in this literary form, for a Welsh anthology, with English versions, is now being prepared. Though the Welsh people give more attention to music than poetry, such a selection as that projected, and expected to be ready next year, will be welcomed by many of the widely scattered sons of Wales.

DISTINGUISHED HEGELIAN'S BIOGRAPHY.

The biography of Dr. Hutchison Stirling has been finished by the daughter of the distinguished Hegelian. It is probably that Miss Hutchison Stirling deals to a certain extent with the late Professor William James's rather ungenerous criticism of her father's philosophical standpoint. It will, at any rate, be a self-revealing biography, and will make its appearance in the autumn.

THE HISTORY OF THE GROUSE.

A timely announcement by Messrs, Smith and Elder was "The Grouse in Health and in Disease." The sacred Twelfth was the date of issue, and the price two guineas net, or on subscription in advance, £1 15s. net. This will be the standard work on the history of the grouse, alike for sportsmen and for men of science. Under the direction of the Committee on Grouse Disease (chairman, Lord Lovat) the general questions have been treated by Mr. A. S Leslie and Dr. E. A. Wilson, and the scientific by Dr. A. E. Shipley, F.R.S.

The Royal Commission on Chinese immigration into Canada has issued a Report, in which it states there is a wholesale evasion of the regulations relating to the admission of Chinese. The Commision recommends the prosecution of 40 delinquents, and also that the Chinese Government should be asked to see that the agreement is carried into effect, and that it should be allowed to control the emigration of a given number of Chinese to Canada yearly.

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